INTERNATIONAL HYDROGRAPHIC ORGANIZATION

INTERGOVERNMENTAL OCEANOGRAPHIC COMMISSION (of UNESCO)

UNDERSEA FEATURE NAME PROPOSAL (Sea NOTE overleaf)

Note: The boxes will expand as you fill the form.

Name Proposed:	East Babeldaob Ridge	Ocean or Sea:	Philippine Sea

Geometry that I	pest defines the fe	eature (Yes/No) :				
Point	Line	Polygon	Multiple points	Multiple lines*	Multiple polygons*	Combination of geometries*
	Yes					

* Geometry should be clearly distinguished when providing the coordinates below.

	Lat. (degrees, north)	Long. (degrees, east)
	11.87292	135.18969
	11.82826	135.18430
	11.79593	135.17506
	11.76821	135.16736
	11.74742	135.15427
	11.72586	135.13117
	11.70045	135.10884
	11.68505	135.08652
	11.67735	135.07266
	11.66349	135.06881
	11.64271	135.06727
	11.63039	135.06573
	11.61653	135.05495
Coordinates:	11.59728	135.05033
Coordinates.	11.58111	135.04340
	11.55647	135.03262
	11.53337	135.02954
	11.50181	135.04340
	11.46639	135.05264
	11.44098	135.04879
	11.41634	135.05033
	11.40941	135.03801
	11.38708	135.03108
	11.36629	135.03108
	11.32703	135.06034
	11.29854	135.06804
	11.29854	135.06804
	11.29854	135.06804

Testure	Maximum Depth :	4800 m	Steepness :	N/A
Feature Description:	Minimum Depth :	2253 m	Shape :	Elongated
Description:	Total Relief :	2547 m	Dimension/Size :	~70 km in length

Associated Features:	Palau-Kyushu Ridge (also known as Kyushu-Palau Ridge)
----------------------	---

Chart/Map References:	Shown Named on Map/Chart:	Palau's submission to CLCS on the limits of the continental shelf
	Shown Unnamed on Map/Chart:	None
	Within Area of Map/Chart:	None

Reason for Choice of Name (if a	Named after the Babeldaob Island, Palau. The island is the largest in
person, state how associated with the	Palau. The East Babeldaob Ridge is located to the east of the
feature to be named):	Babeldaob Ridge.

Discovery Fasta 1	Discovery Date:	Jun. 2006
Discovery Facts 1:	Discoverer (Individual, Ship):	S/V Shoyo (HODJ)
Diagovary Facto 2	Discovery Date:	Sep. 1996 during Y96-12 cruise
Discovery Facts 2:	Discoverer (Individual, Ship):	R/V Yokosuka (JAMSTEC)

	Date of Survey:	Jun. 2006
	Survey Ship:	S/V Shoyo (HODJ)
	Sounding Equipement:	Multibeam echo sounder
Supporting Survey Data, including		Seabeam 2112
Track Controls 1:	Type of Navigation:	GPS without Selective Availability
	Estimated Horizontal Accuracy (nm):	0.014 nm (26 m)
	Survey Track Spacing:	6 nm
	Supporting material can be submitted as	s Annex in analog or digital form.
	Date of Survey:	Sep. 1996 during Y96-12 cruise
	Survey Ship:	R/V Yokosuka (JAMSTEC)
Supporting Survey Data, including	Sounding Equipement:	Multibeam echo sounder HS-10
Track Controls 2:	Type of Navigation:	GPS with Selective Availability
	Estimated Horizontal Accuracy (nm):	0.054 nm (100 m)
	Survey Track Spacing:	1 nm
	Supporting material can be submitted as	Annex in analog or digital form.

	Name(s):	David K. Idip, Jr.
Proposer(s):	Date:	August 14, 2017
	E-mail:	davididip@gmail.com
	Organization and Address:	Territory and Boundary Task Force, Office of the President, Republic of Palau
	Concurrer (name, e-mail, organization and address):	

Remarks:	We used GMT and GeoMapApp software to visualize the bathymetric data.
	QGIS was the preferred GIS software.

NOTE : This form should be forwarded, when completed :

- a) If the undersea feature is located <u>inside the external limit</u> of the territorial sea :to your "National Authority for Approval of Undersea Feature Names" (see page 2-9) or, if this does not exist or is not known, either to the IHB or to the IOC (see addresses below);
- b) If at least 50 % of the undersea feature is located <u>outside the external limits</u> of the territorial sea :to the IHB or to the IOC, at the following addresses :

International Hydrographic Bureau (IHB)Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission (IOC)4, Quai Antoine 1erUNESCOB.P. 445Place de FontenoyMC 98011 MONACO CEDEX75700 PARIS

Principality of MONACO Fax: +377 93 10 81 40 E-mail: info@ihb.mc

France Fax: +33 1 45 68 58 12 E-mail: info@unesco.org

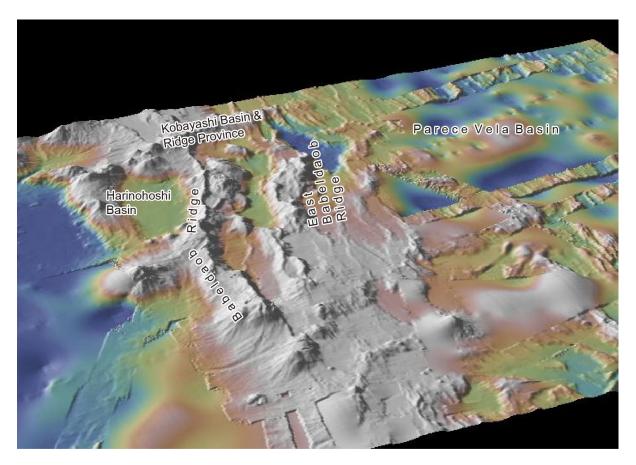


Fig. 1. Bathymetric 3D image of the East Babeldaob Ridge and its vicinities.

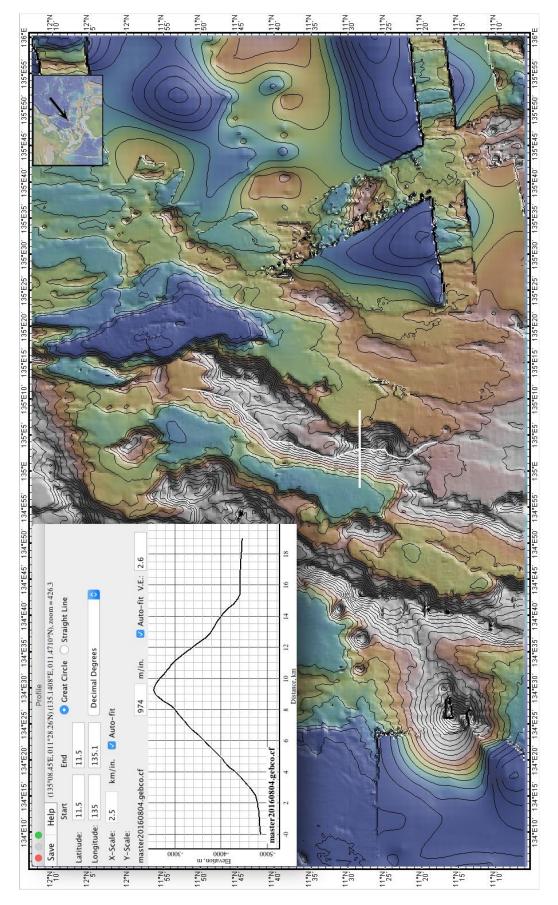


Fig. 2. Bathymetric profile across the East Babeldaob Ridge. The polyline that defines the seamount is also shown. Contours in 200 m intervals.