Marine Information Overlays (MIOs) Concept and Practice



UNIVERSITY of NEW HAMPSHIRE

Ocean Mapping

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CCOM JHC

center for Coasto



Marine Information Overlays (MIOs)

- Chart and navigation-related information that supplement the minimum information required by IMO ECDIS
 - Supplemental, non-mandatory
 - Not covered by existing standards (e.g., IHO S-57 or IHO S-52)
 - The "everything else"
 - Points, lines, areas, features, objects

ECDIS COMPONENTS

Color Display





ECDIS Performance Standards

• ENC Definition:

"all the chart information necessary for safe navigation and may contain supplementary information in addition to that contained in the paper chart which may be considered necessary for safe navigation."



Types of MIOs

Tides / water levels Ice coverage Meteorological Oceanographic Marine Habitats **Environmental Protection** Archeological Vessel Traffic Services (VTS)

Display Standards/Specifications

IMO Performance Standards for ECDIS:

1. Chart-related

"IHO recommended colours and symbols (IHO S-52) should be used to display SENC information"

2. Navigation-related

"other navigational information may be added to the ECDIS display. However it should not degrade ...and be clearly distinguishable from SENC information."

"the colours and symbols used to describe navigational elements and parameters ...are published in IEC 61174"

Chart-relatedChart-relatedNavigation-relatedColours and SymbolsECDIS (IEC 61174, Annex E)(IHO S-52, Appendix 2)Radar (IEC 60936, Annex E)Radar/ARPA (IEC 60872)AIS (IMO NAV Circ/217)Terms, abbrev & symbols (ISO/DIS 19018)Being Developed:Navigation Display (IEC 62288, Annex B)VTS-related (IALA VTS Committee)

IHO \leftarrow Harmonization Group on MIO \rightarrow **IEC**

ice coverage tides/water levels currents oceanographic weather search and rescue marine mammals/critical habitats

Trend for Information Display for Shipboard Navigation Systems



IHO – IEC HGMIO

- Harmonization Group on Marine
 Information Objects
- Subsidiary of Two Committees: IHO CHRIS

TSMAD (S-57 objects/attributes, ENC Prod

Spec)

C&SMWG (Colours and Symbols)

IEC TC80

WG7 (ECDIS) WG13 (Navigation Display)

Relationship of MIOs to Navigation-related Information









Ocean Dump Site

Sea Surface Temperature

- Search and Rescue
- Fishing
- Scientific Cruises
- Ice accretion





SST Profile

- Objects:
 - SSTEMP (point, line or polygon)

• Attributes:

- TMPACC Temperature accuracy
- TEMPER Temperature value

Possible Additions to S-100





Temperature and ice chart from NOAA Source Data

Traditional Ice Chart versus ECDIS Presentation

Icebreaker Chart



Source: German Ice Service



Corresponding ECDIS presentation

Ice Object Classes

plus 24 ice attributes

| Description | Token |
|-------------------------|--------|
| Iceberg Shape | ICEBSH |
| Coverage Type ICECVT | |
| Floe Size | ICEFSZ |
| Stage of Melt | ICEMLT |
| Snow Cover | ICESCV |
| Sea Ice Stage of dev. | ICESOD |
| | |
| | |

| Description | Token |
|----------------|--------|
| lceberg | ICEBRG |
| Ice Drift | ICEDRF |
| Ice Dynamics | ICEDYN |
| Floeberg | ICEFLO |
| Ice Line | ICELIN |
| Land Ice | ICELND |
| Ice Openings | ICEOPN |
| Ice Ridge | ICERDG |
| Ice Route | ICERTE |
| Sea Ice | ICESEA |
| Ice Topography | ICETOP |

Example for presentation in ECDIS



detailed base chart with ice overlay





Displaying Ice Information on ECDIS

- similar to traditional ice charts
- can be displayed together with nautical chart data
- shown as overlay or integration of ice objects within base display
- the display is generated in ECDIS application
- depends on attribute combinations (special lookup tables)
- not all attribute values result in symbolization
- attributes that are not symbolized can be withdrawn via pick report
- conditional symbology procedure for ice thickness
- use typical ECDIS display features (night display, SCAMIN, conditional symbology)

Marine Archeology Scapa Flow Project, Scotland





USS MONITOR

Sidescan Sonar Image



Integrated Topo-Bathy Database



USGS Topography



NOAA Bathymetry



Integrated Topo-Bathy Model









Foundation Data Layers for Marine GIS



- Shoreline
- Bathymetry
- Cadastral (boundary)
- Environmental Sensitivity Index
- Habitat and species location
- Benthic mapping (seagrass, corals, ...)
- Ports and vessel traffic
- Geo-regulations

GIS in the Coastal Community

- Use of GIS is a basic skill in coastal management community.
- GIS used primarily for general or project specific mapping.



Seagrass gains (blue) and losses (red) from 1988-1996, Hobe Sound, FL

Planned / Future Efforts

MIOs \rightarrow new S-57 Overlays?

- Participation in IHO TSMAD Ed.4 Sub WG
- Next Generation S-57 Open Development Forum

Task Groups

Time-varying & 3-D data Bathymetric data Product Specification Data Portrayal

Additional S-57 objects (?)

<u>Static</u>

Bathymetric (incl grid data) Geophysical data (seismic, gravity, magnetic) Bottom structure/physiography Archeological (wrecks, heritage sites) Satellite imagery Aerial photography

<u>Dynamic</u>

Tides (predicted, real-time, forecast) Current flow (speed, direction, time of occurrence) Meteorological (wind speed/direction)

Three Rules on Information*

Rule #1 – What you need, you can't get.

Rule #2 – When you get it, you are unable to use it.

Rule #3 – When you can finally use it, it's now out of date.

^k military intelligence, tax advice from IRS, MIOs, and AMLs.

Benefits of Informed Decision Making

- Under-keel clearance
 - accurate gages + prediction models = "good" w/ I forecast
 - w/l forecast + large-scale ENC + ship's safety contour = informed decision
- Ice coverage
 - not where it is, but where it is not
- Port Information Services
 - Internet and Website = 24hr service



Goal for MIOs

- Supplemental information for "decision support"
 - The right information for task-at-hand
 - Planning vs. route monitoring
- How displayed less important than format and content

Accurate, timely, and useable





