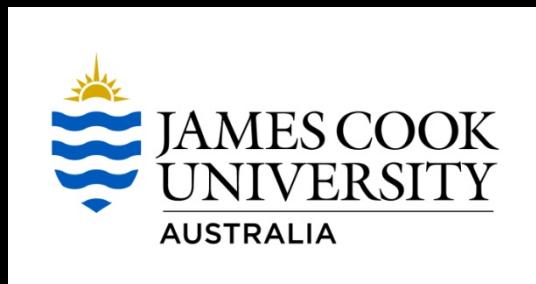


Crowdsourced bathymetry on the Great Barrier Reef: total propagated uncertainty

Dr Robin Beaman

College of Science and Engineering

robin.beaman@jcu.edu.au



Aims

- Generate uncertainty values* for crowdsourced bathymetry (CSB) data:
 - (1) *a priori* total propagated uncertainty (TPU) with Caris HIPS software
 - (2) empirical values standard deviation comparison with bathy LiDAR data
- Three vessels using TeamSurv SmartLog data logger, NMEA values extracted
- Treatment - offsets to waterline RP, predicted tides applied, cleaned of noise

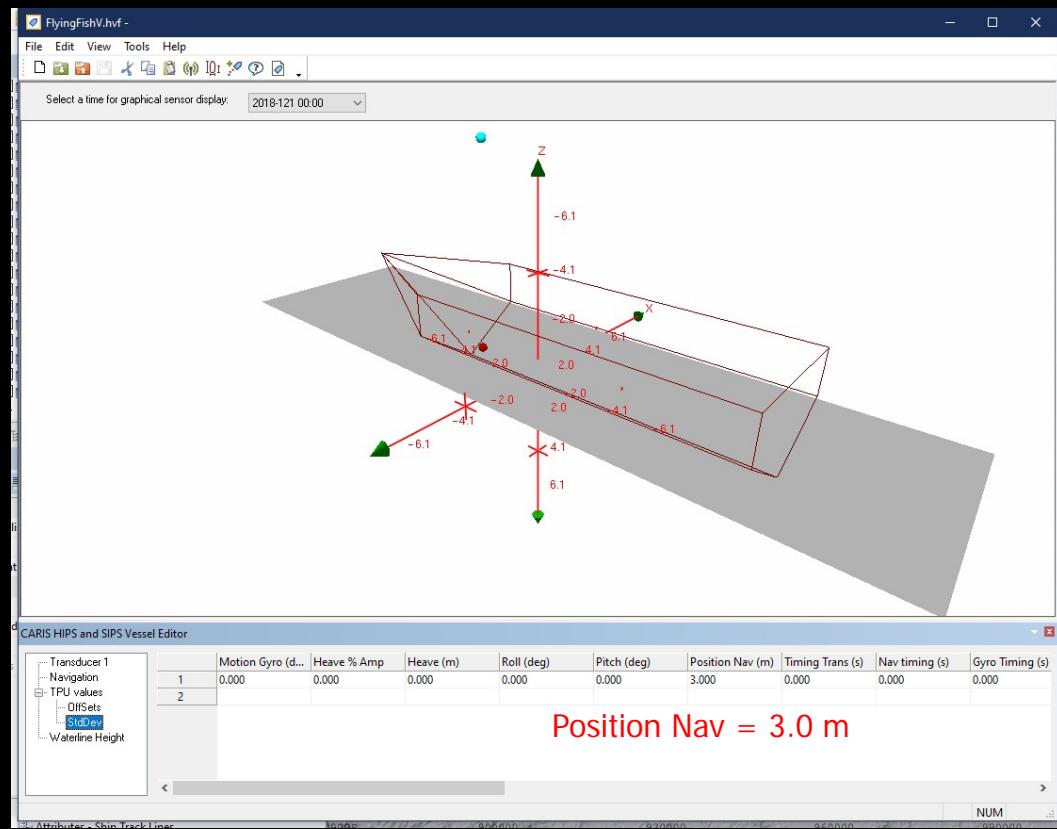
* IHO Standards for Hydrographic Surveys, 2020. IHO Publication No. 44, IHO, Monaco, pp. 49.

See page 36. A “Crowd Sourced” bathymetric dataset acquired in deep water, with a single beam echosounder and no sound velocity correction, could be classified by the use of TVU and THU (the coverage is of no use as it is not a systematic survey).

FlyingFishV (23 m)



HIPS - Vessel configuration file*



HIPS - Compute TPU

Tide = 0.2 m

Sound = 5 m/sec

Heave = 0.2 m

*not simple fit into Caris HIPS software TPU values

FlyingFishV – TPU results

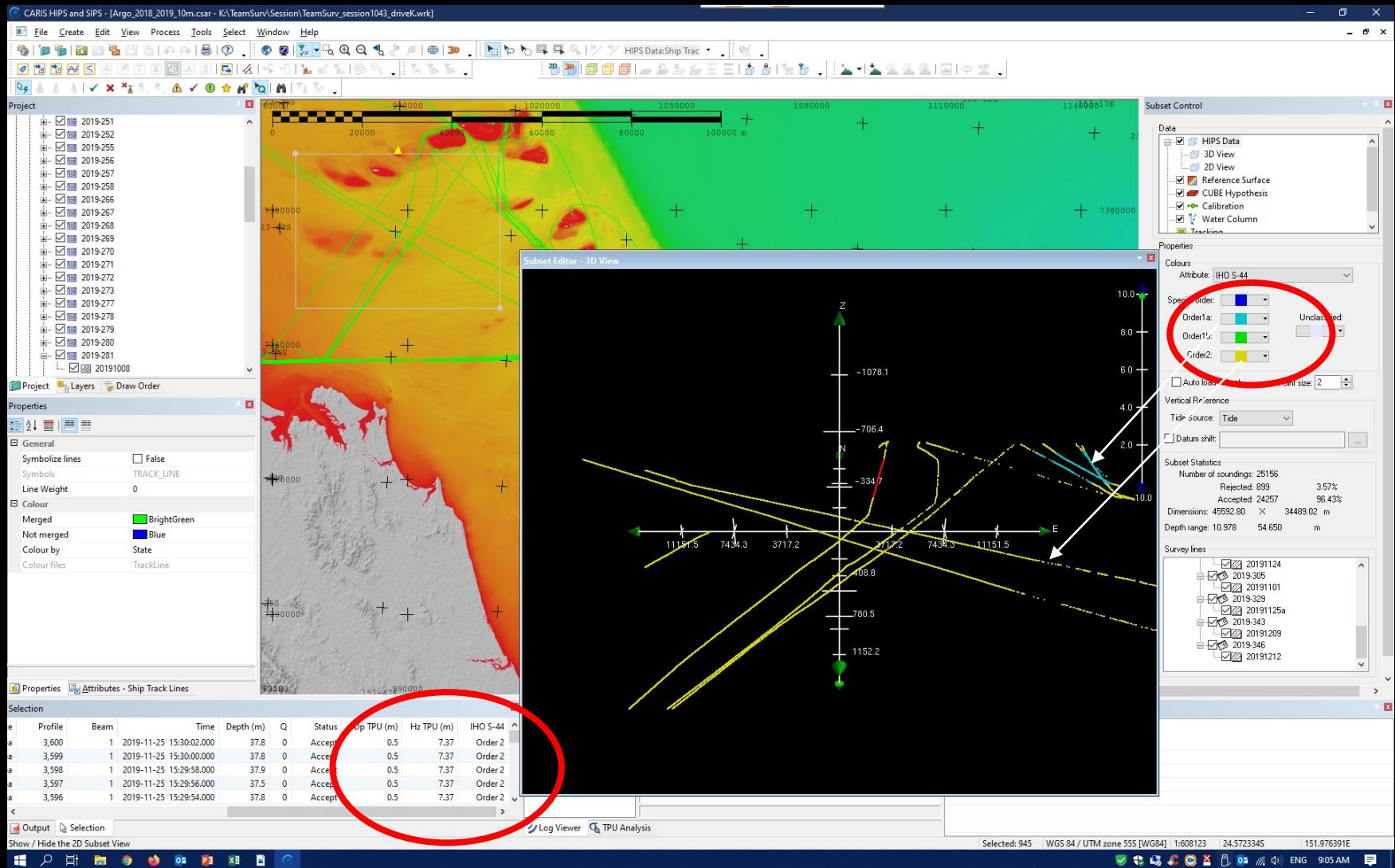
TVU = 0.5-0.6 m

THU = 7.37 m

IHO S-44 = Order 2

IHO S-44 = (minor) Order 1a

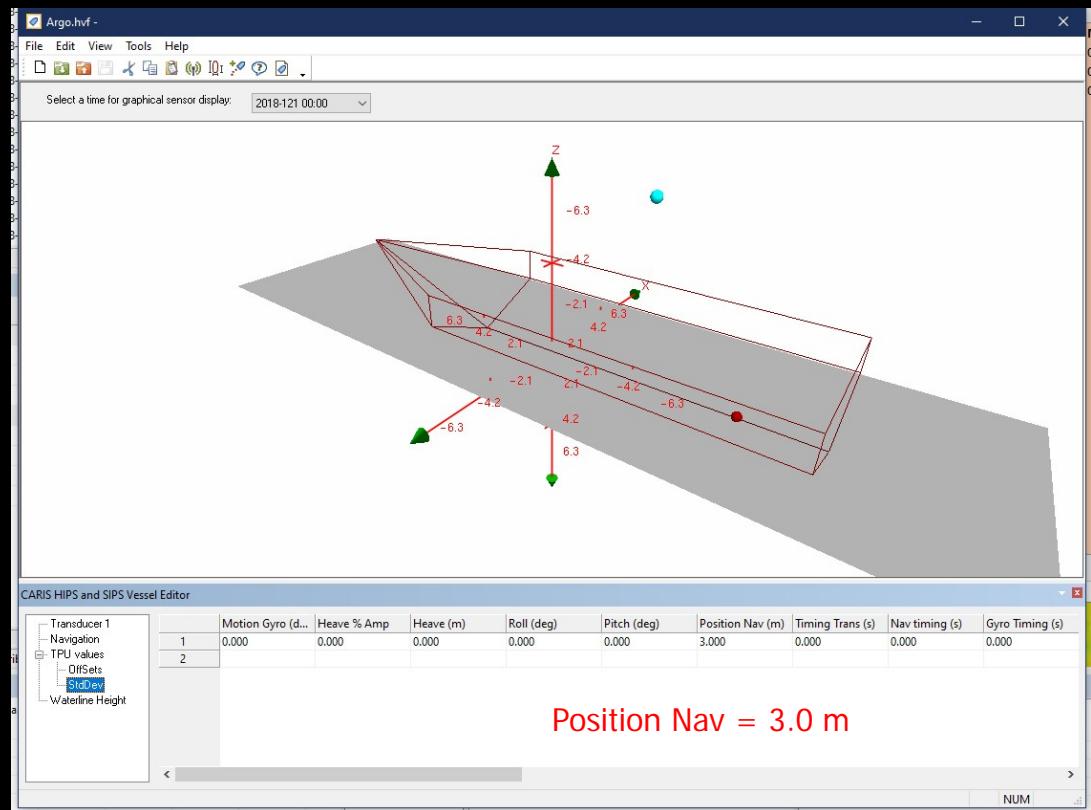
e.g. depth sounding is 37.8
+/- 0.5 m within position
uncertainty of 7.37 m



Argo (24 m)

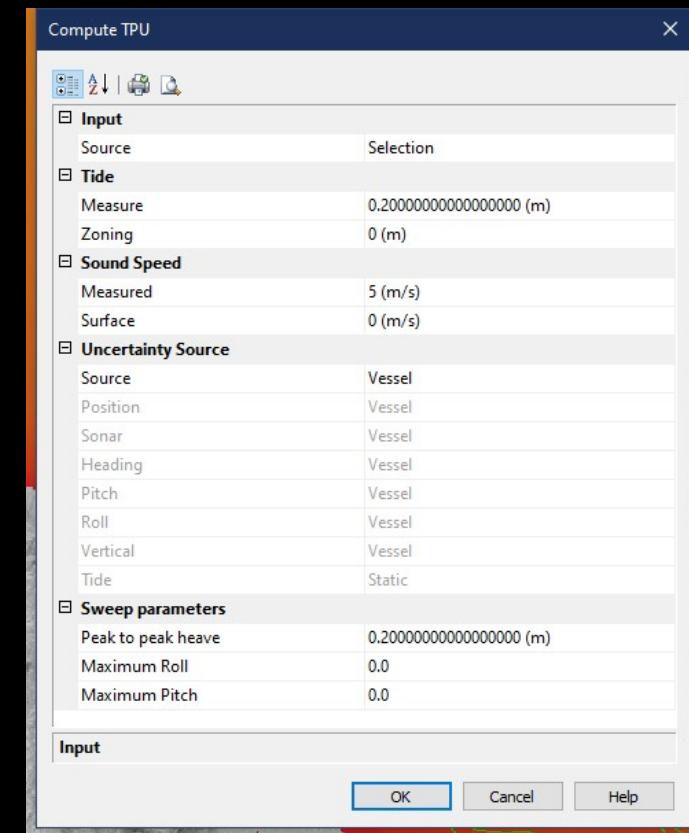


HIPS - Vessel configuration file*



*not simple fit into Caris HIPS software TPU values

HIPS - Compute TPU



Argo – TPU results

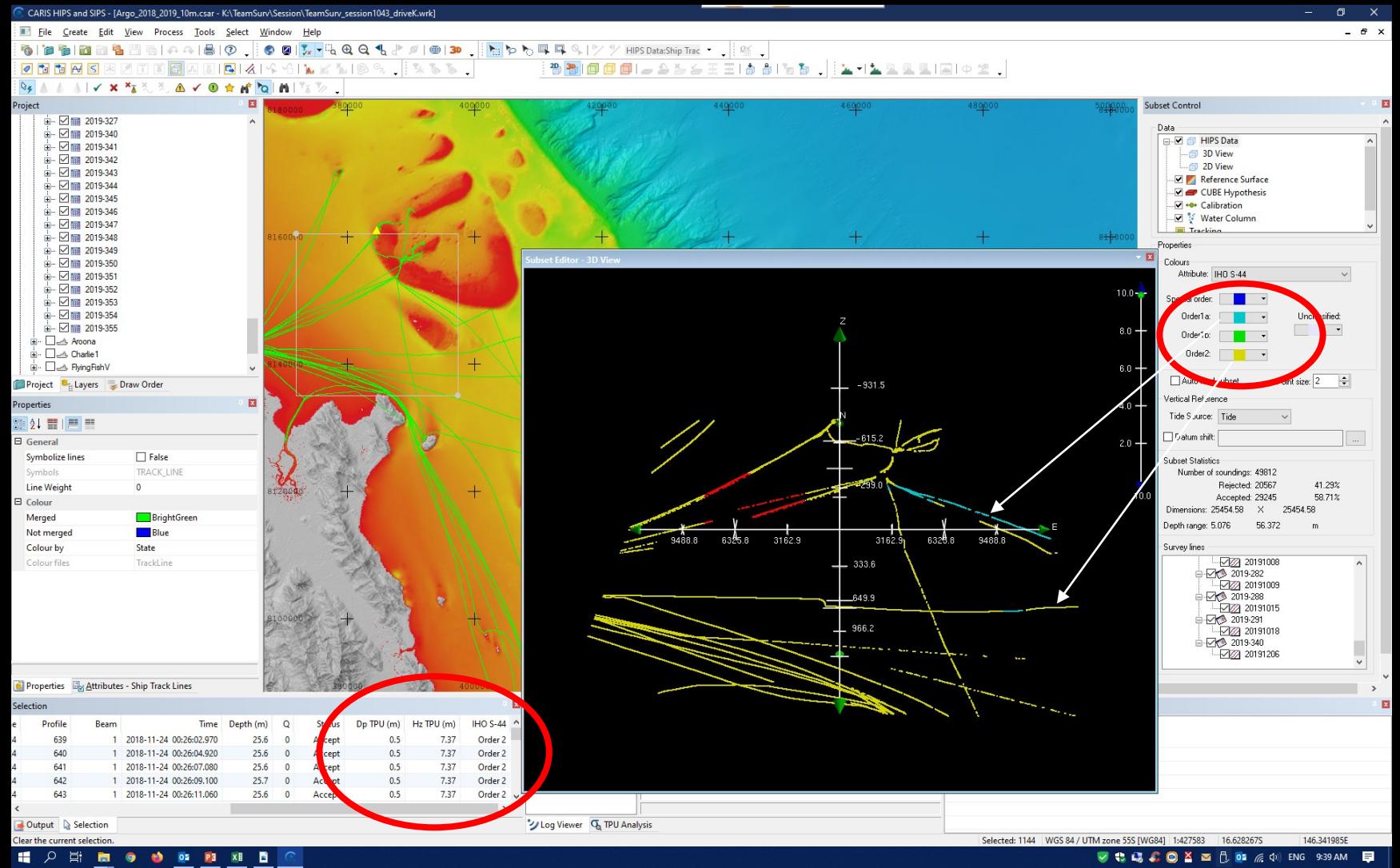
TVU = 0.5-0.6 m

THU = 7.37 m

IHO S-44 = Order 2

IHO S-44 = (minor) Order 1a

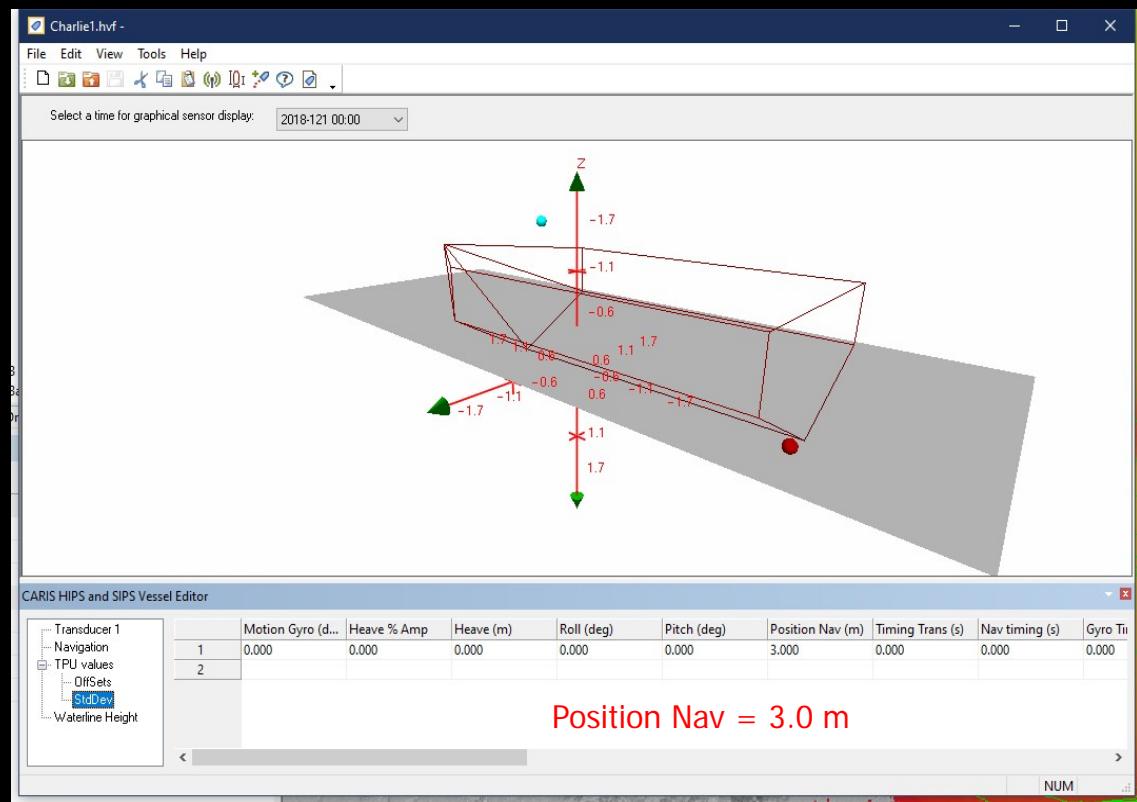
e.g. depth sounding is 25.6
+/- 0.5 m within position
uncertainty of 7.37 m



Charlie1 (4.2 m)



HIPS - Vessel configuration file*



*not simple fit into Caris HIPS software TPU values

HIPS - Compute TPU

A screenshot of the "Compute TPU" dialog box from the CARIS HIPS software. The dialog is divided into several sections: "Input", "Tide", "Sound Speed", "Uncertainty Source", and "Sweep parameters". The "Input" section shows "Source" as "Selection". The "Tide" section shows "Measure" as 0.2000000000000000 (m) and "Zoning" as 0 (m). The "Sound Speed" section shows "Measured" as 5 (m/s) and "Surface" as 0 (m/s). The "Uncertainty Source" section lists various sources all set to "Vessel": Position, Sonar, Heading, Pitch, Roll, Vertical, and Tide. The "Sweep parameters" section shows "Peak to peak heave" as 0.2000000000000000 (m), "Maximum Roll" as 0.0, and "Maximum Pitch" as 0.0. A red text overlay on the right side of the dialog box indicates "Tide = 0.2 m", "Sound = 5 m/sec", and "Heave = 0.2 m".

| | |
|--------------------|------------------------|
| Source | Selection |
| Measure | 0.2000000000000000 (m) |
| Zoning | 0 (m) |
| Measured | 5 (m/s) |
| Surface | 0 (m/s) |
| Source | Vessel |
| Position | Vessel |
| Sonar | Vessel |
| Heading | Vessel |
| Pitch | Vessel |
| Roll | Vessel |
| Vertical | Vessel |
| Tide | Static |
| Peak to peak heave | 0.2000000000000000 (m) |
| Maximum Roll | 0.0 |
| Maximum Pitch | 0.0 |

Tide = 0.2 m

Sound = 5 m/sec

Heave = 0.2 m

Charlie 1 – TPU results

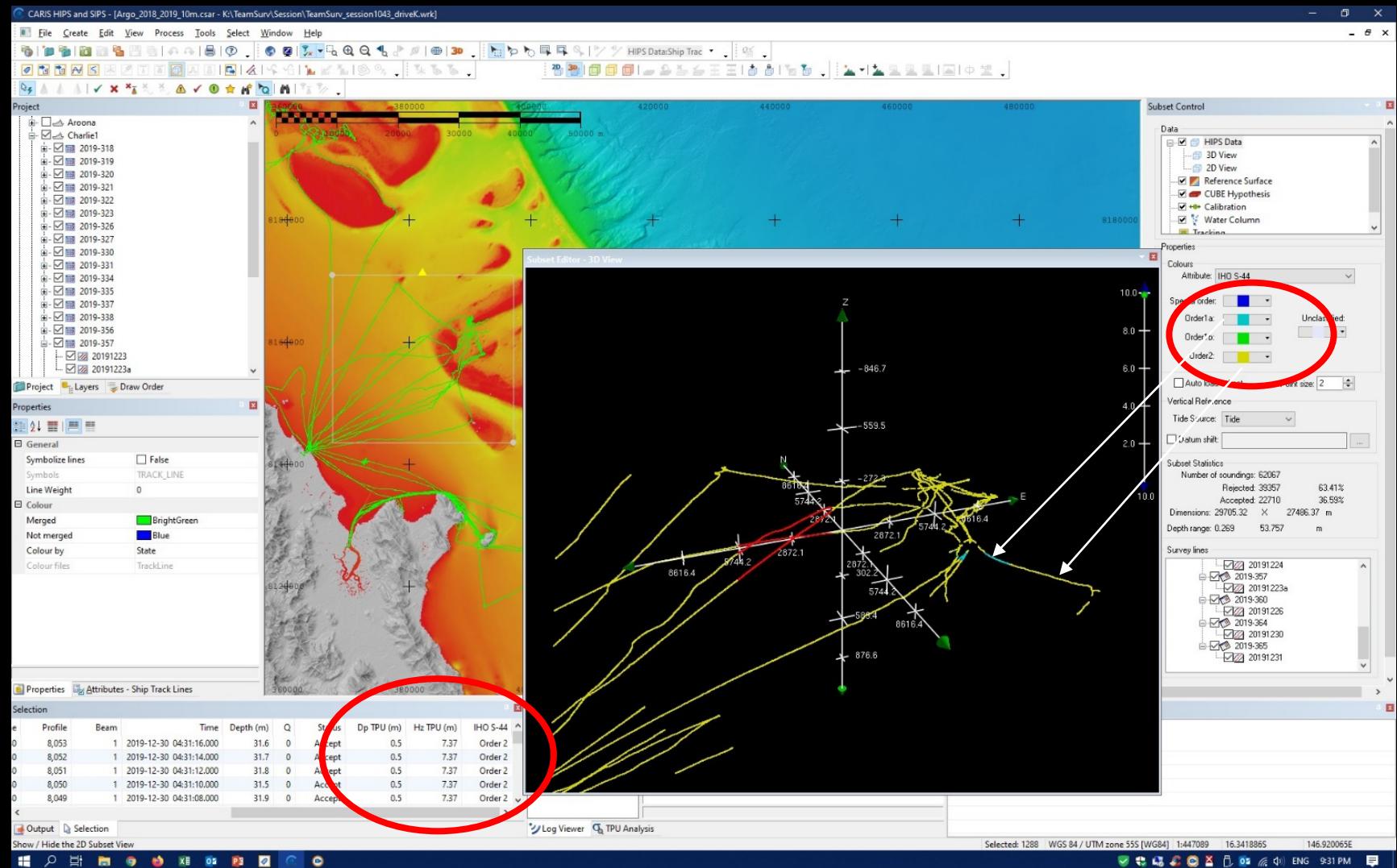
TVU = 0.5-0.6 m

THU = 7.37 m

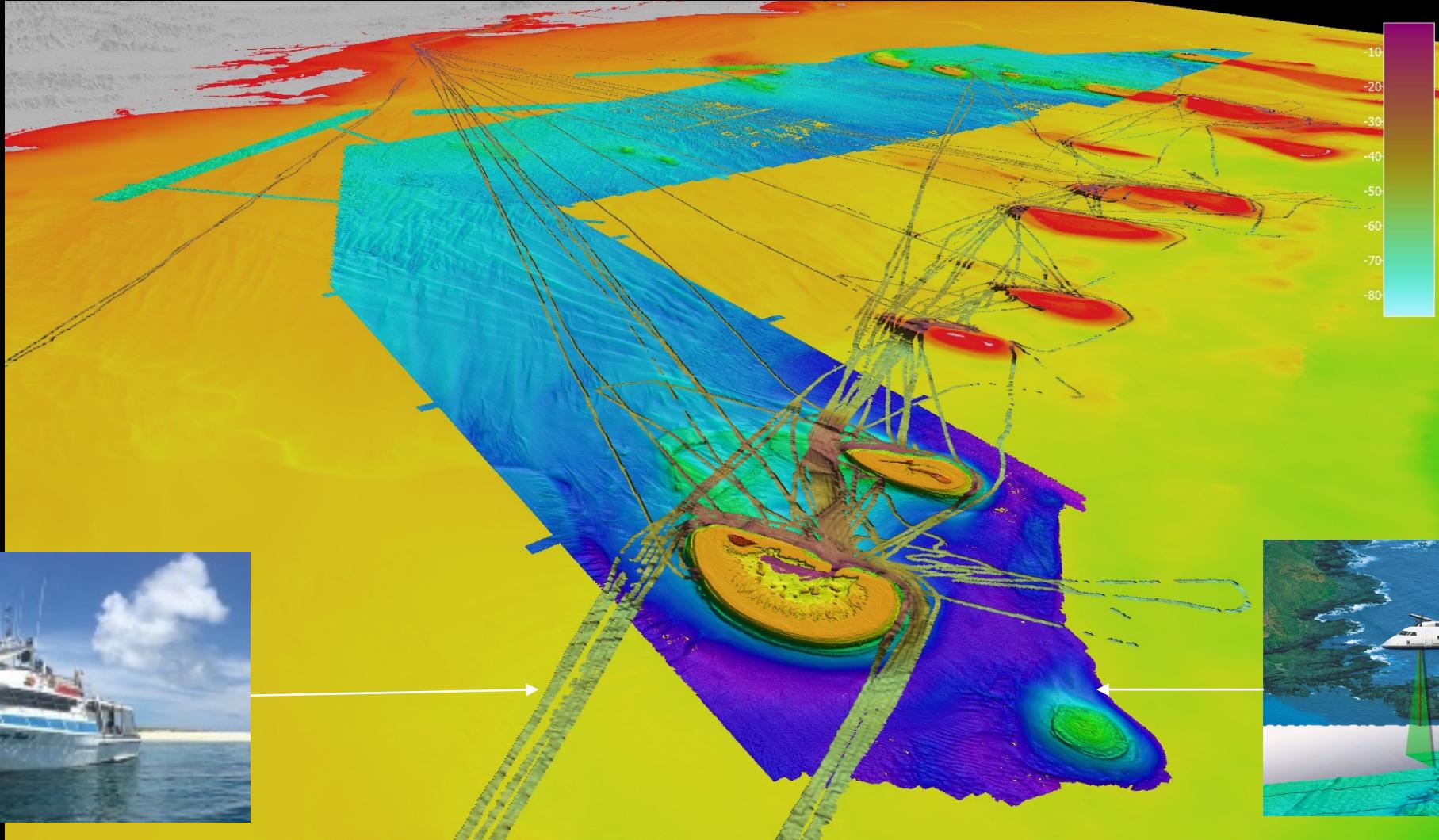
IHO S-44 = Order 2

IHO S-44 = (minor) Order 1a

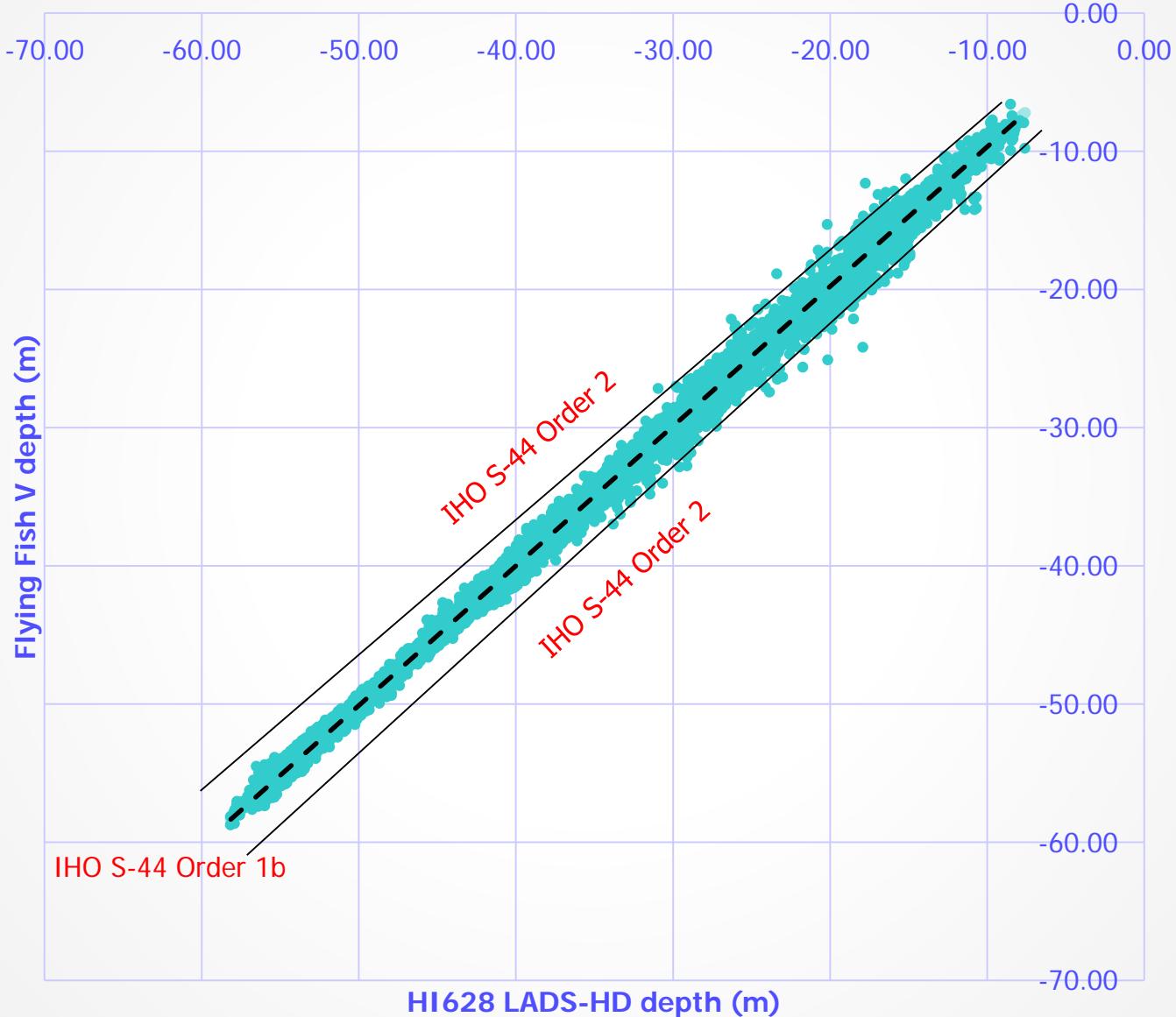
e.g. depth sounding is 31.6
+/- 0.5 m within position
uncertainty of 7.37 m



FlyingFishV CSB vs HI628 LADS-HD data



FlyingFishV CSB vs HI628 LADS-HD data



R Square = 0.997900827 (1 = match)

Standard Deviation = 0.398528331 m

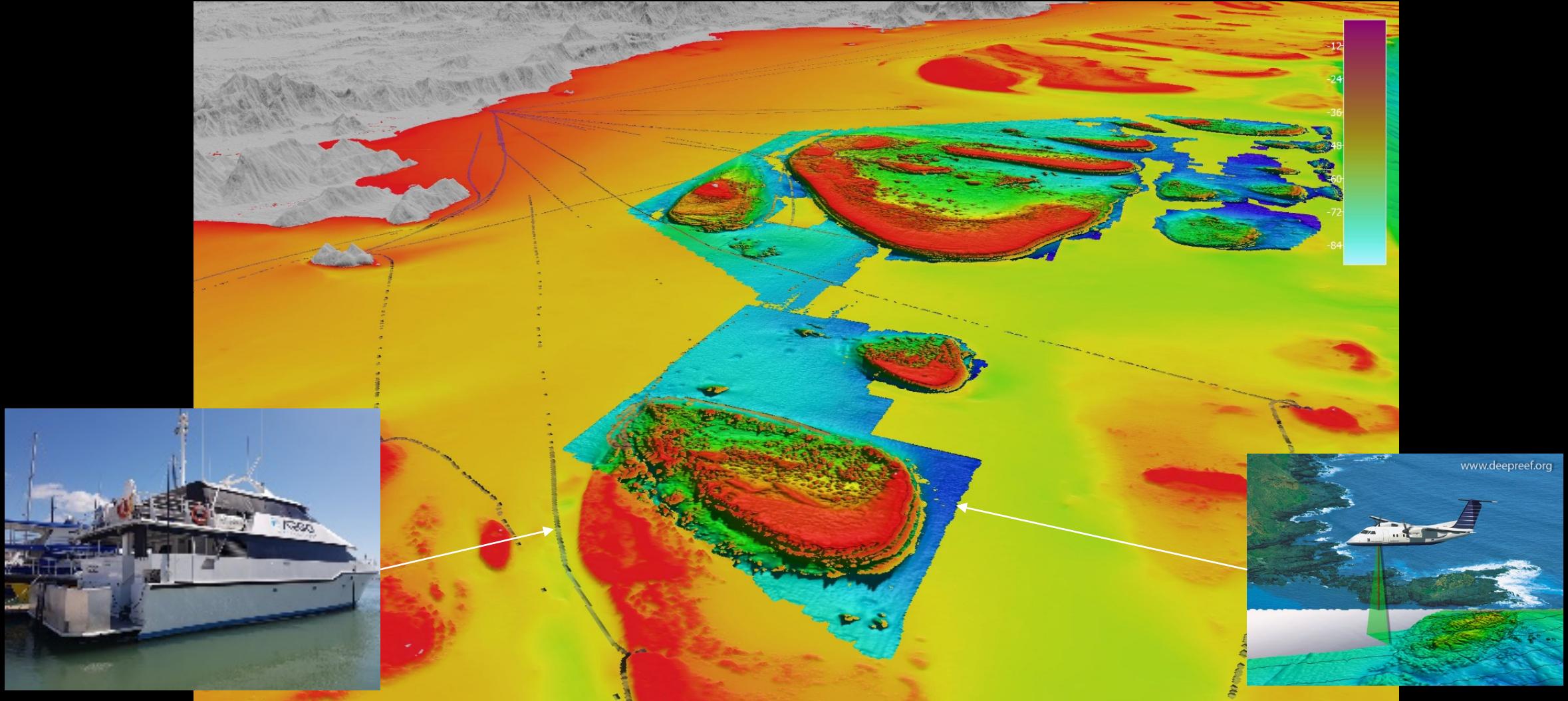
Observations = 73,995

So 95% of CSB data falls within +/- 2 * 0.40 m from the regression line

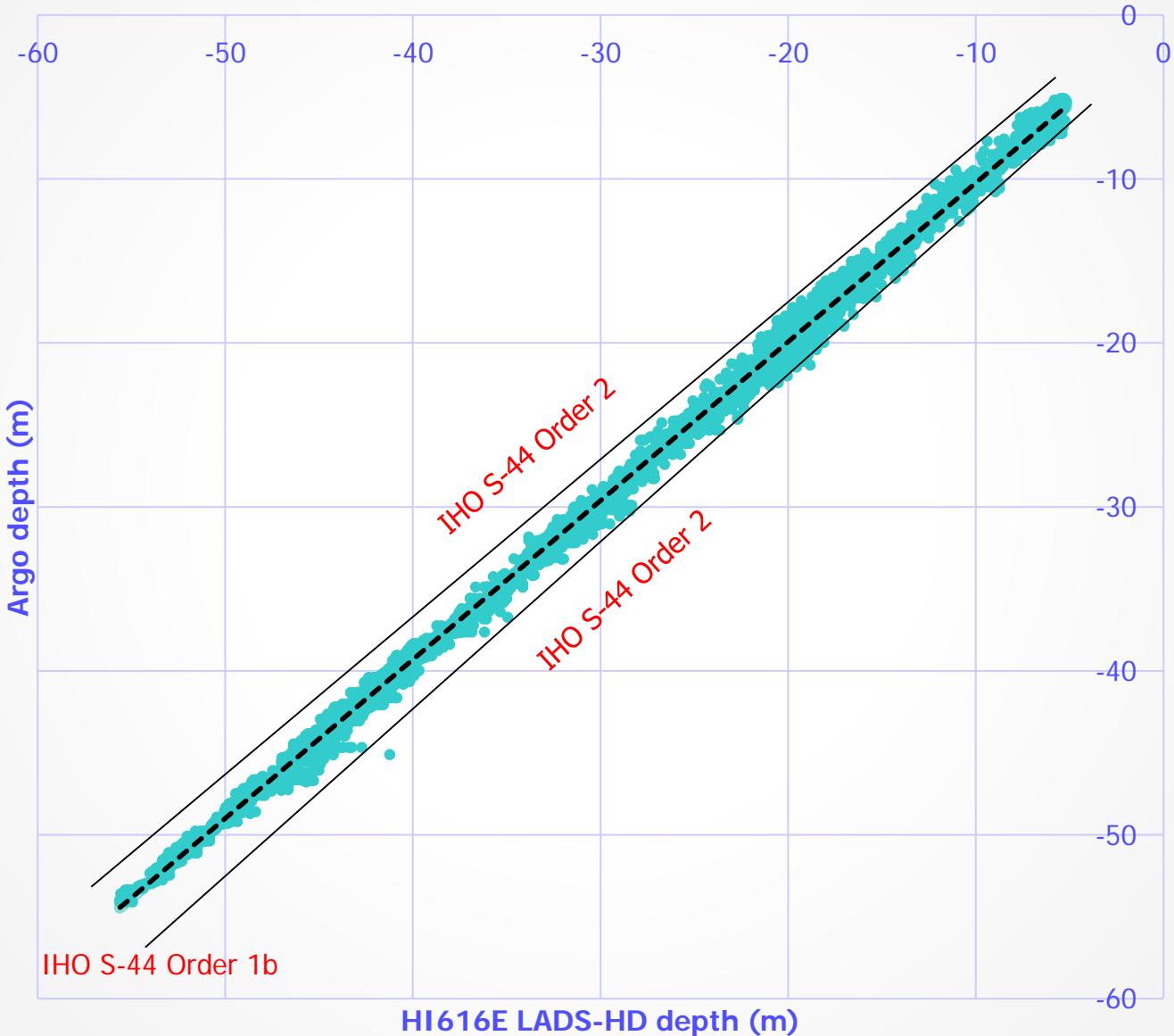
IHO S-44 = Order 1b

IHO S-44 = (minor) Order 2

Argo CSB vs HI616E LADS-HD data



Argo CSB vs HI616E LADS-HD data



R Square = 0.998886119 (1 = match)

Standard Deviation = 0.444183688 m

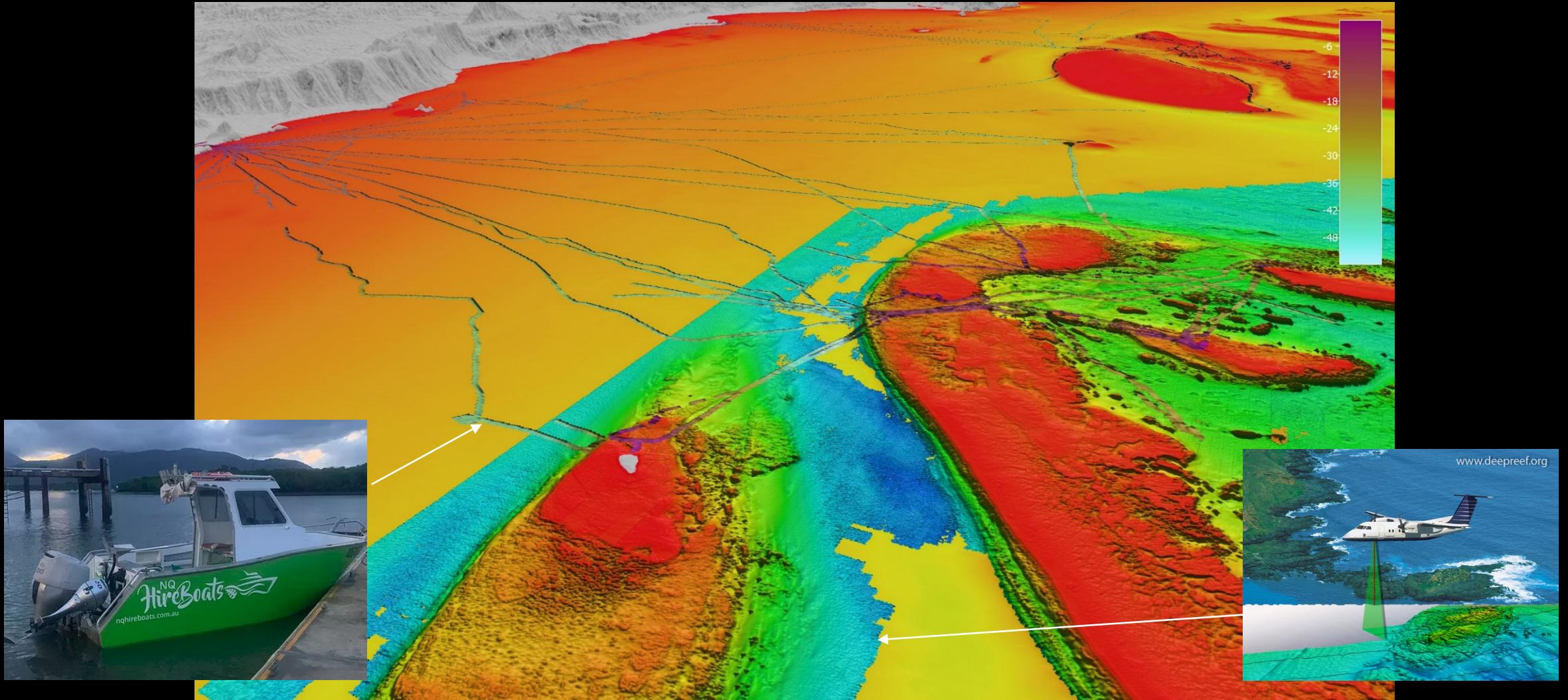
Observations = 12,329

So 95% of CSB data falls within +/- 2 * 0.44 m from the regression line

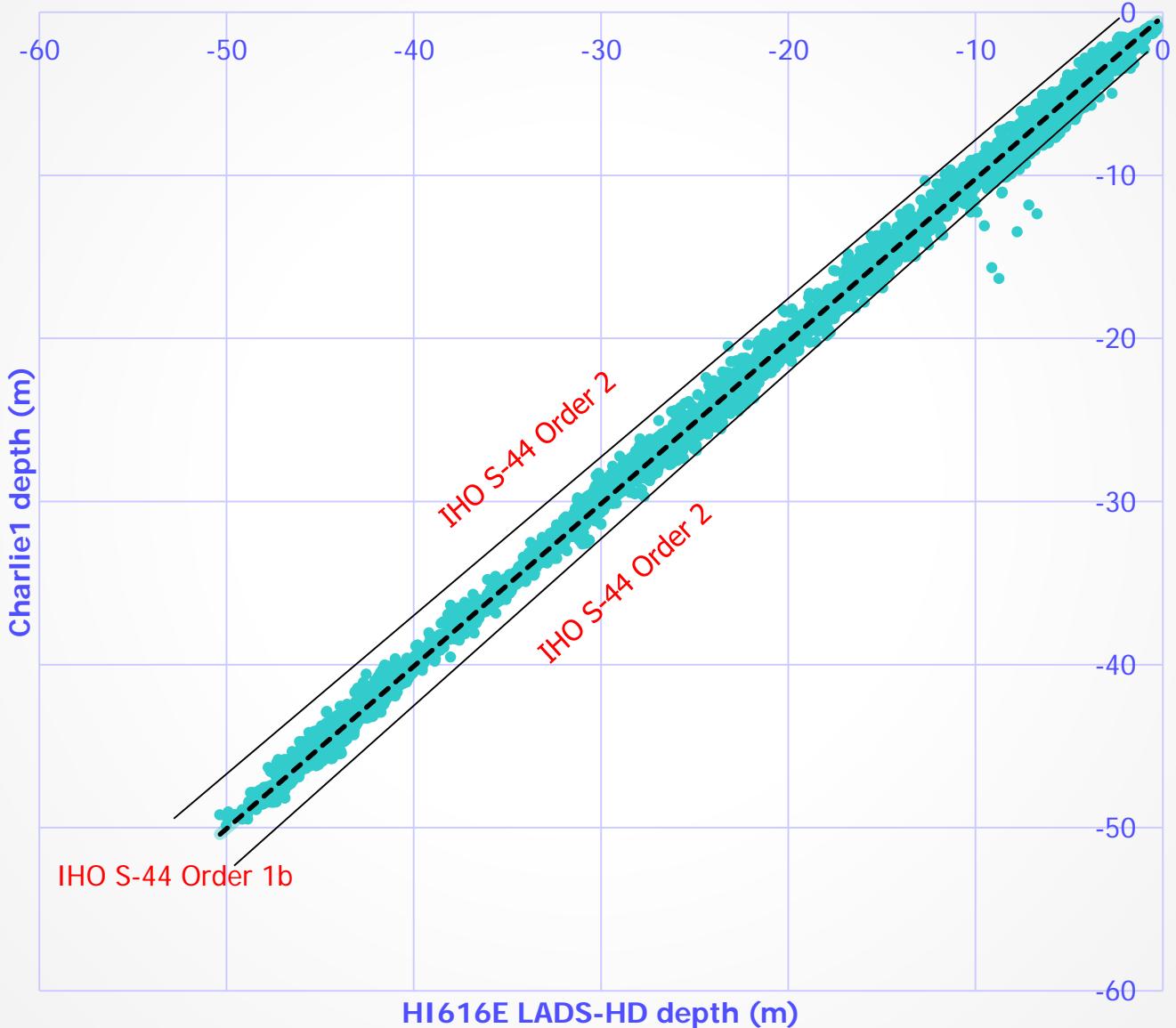
IHO S-44 = Order 1b

IHO S-44 = (minor) Order 2

Charlie1 CSB vs HI616E LADS-HD data



Charlie1 CSB vs HI616E LADS-HD data



R Square = 0.998691468 (1 = match)

Standard Deviation = 0.477666818 m

Observations = 18,753

So 95% of CSB data falls within +/- 2 * 0.48 m from the regression line

IHO S-44 = Order 1b

IHO S-44 = (minor) Order 2

Conclusions

- CSB data *a priori* total vertical uncertainty +/- 0.5-0.6 m (95% confid level)
- CSB data *a priori* total horizontal uncertainty +/- 7.37 m (95% confid level)
- CSB data empirical comparison with LiDAR +/- 0.80-0.96 m (95% confid level)
- So is reasonable to say that CSB data TVU +/- ~1 m (95% confid level)
- And CSB data conforms to IHO S-44 Order 1b* or (minor) Order 2
- Improved TVU if offsets to waterline RP, tide applied, cleaned of noise etc.
- Improved THU if able to use SBAS, modern GNSS receiver etc.

* Classified according to the S-44 Matrix as: Ba7 (THU=7.37 m), Bc8 ($a=0.5$ m), Bd6 ($b=0.013$)