

### WHO IS EOMAP?



Private technology company



Focus on satellite data analytics and software solutions



Specialises in aquatic environments



International team of 40 employees



Serves clients worldwide, e.g. hydrographers (UKHO, AHO, others) coastal / offshore industry etc.



### WHAT IS SATELLITE DERIVED BATHYMETRY (SDB)?

Bathymetry mapping from space (airborne) sensors relies on

- (a) passive or active sensors measuring the reflected light from the seafloor
- (b) the analytics.

#### **Satellite-Derived Bathymetry (SDB)**

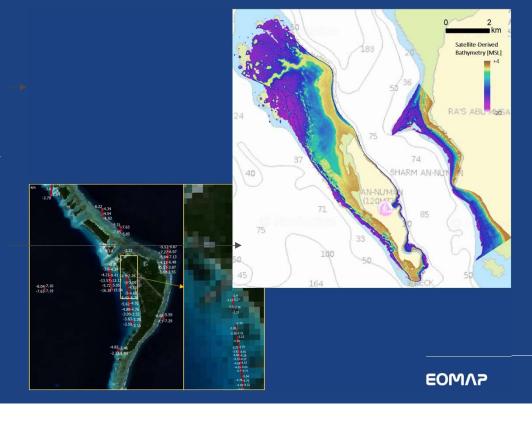
Bathymetric data using hyper/multispectral data, passive sensors

→ Dense bathymetric grids from shore to 1 time Secchi Depth

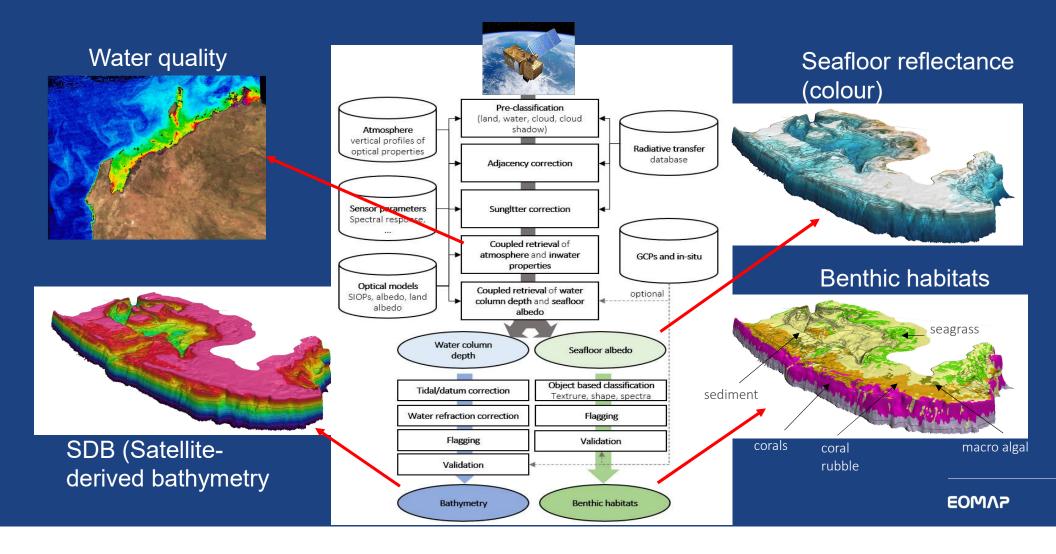
#### **Satellite-Lidar Bathymetry (SLB)**

Analysis of space born, active green lidar satellite sensor (ICESat 2 - ATLAS)

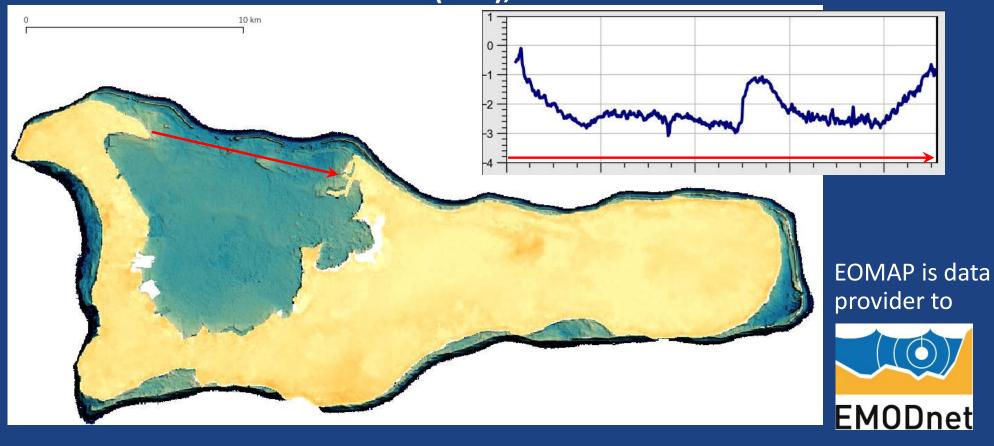
→ Point measurements along the tracklines down to 0.8-0.9 Secchi Depth



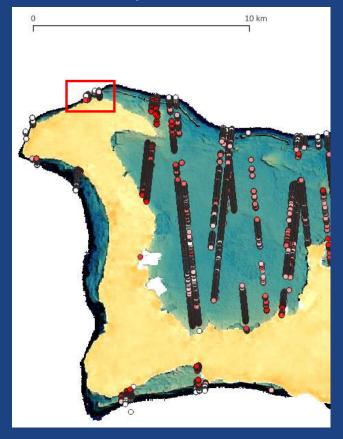
#### **EOMAP'S PHYSICS-BASED SDB METHODS**

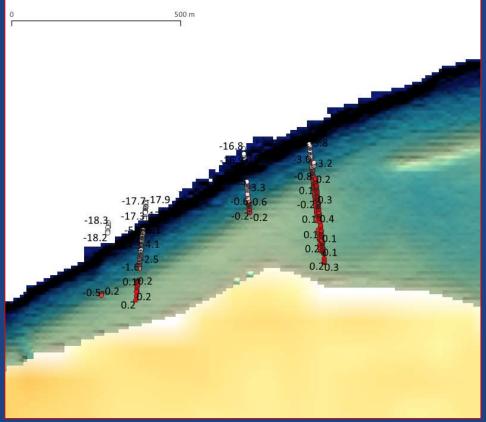


# SATELLITE-DERIVED BATHYMETRY (SDB), GRAND CAYMAN



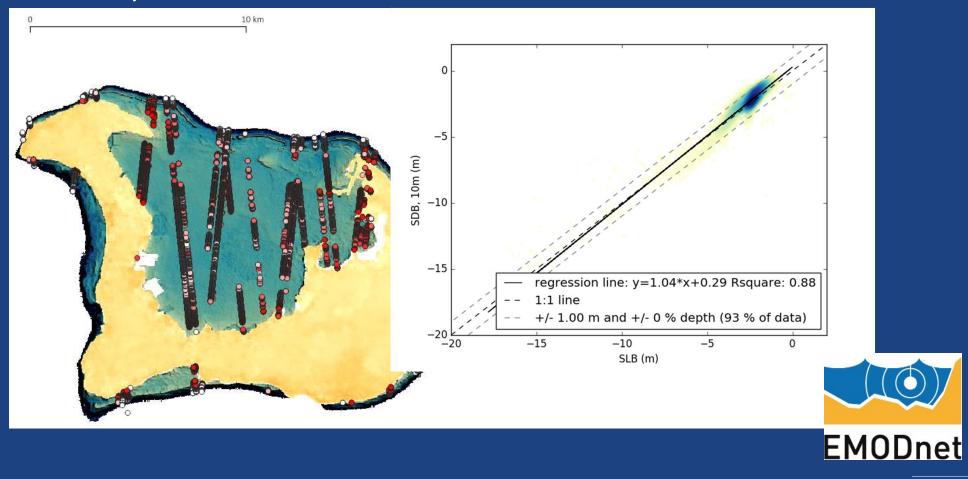
# SDB & SLB, GRAND CAYMAN







# SDB & SLB, GRAND CAYMAN



# **EOMAP's SDB PROJECTS** in the MACHC REGION

- Coastal Zone Management, Update of Admiralty Chart (UKHO)
- **2** Coastal Engineering
- 3 Update of Admiralty Chart (UKHO)
- **4** Coastal Resilience
- **Safety of navigation**



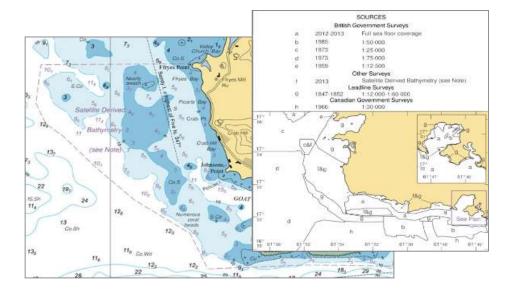
Darker blue represents higher frequency

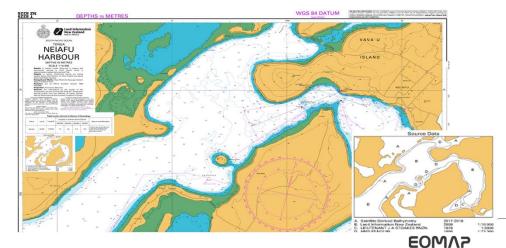
### **CHARTING**

EOMAP's SDB integrated in nautical charts of the UK and NZ Hydrographic Offices in the Caribbean and Pacific region.

British Admiralty Chart BA 2066 Southern Antigua

New Zealand LINZ NZ8225 Neifu Harbour, Tonga

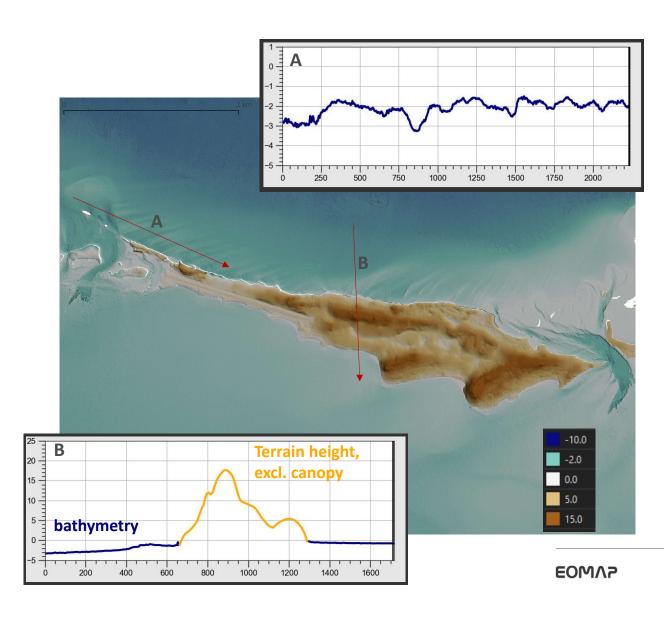




# SEAMLESS, INTEGRATED SURVEYING

2m resolution Digital Surface Model combined with Satellite-Derived Bathymetry, Bahamas, Hog Cay

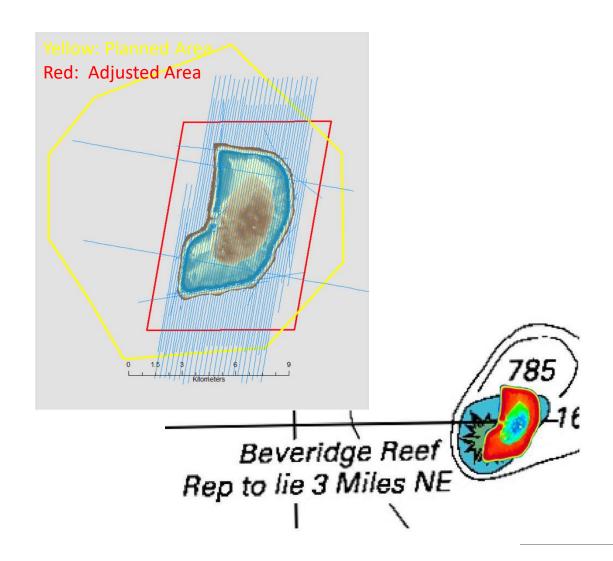




# ALB, MLB SURVEY OPTIMIZATION

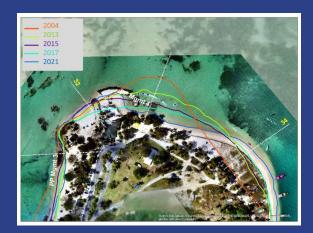
### Beveridge Reef – After SDB review

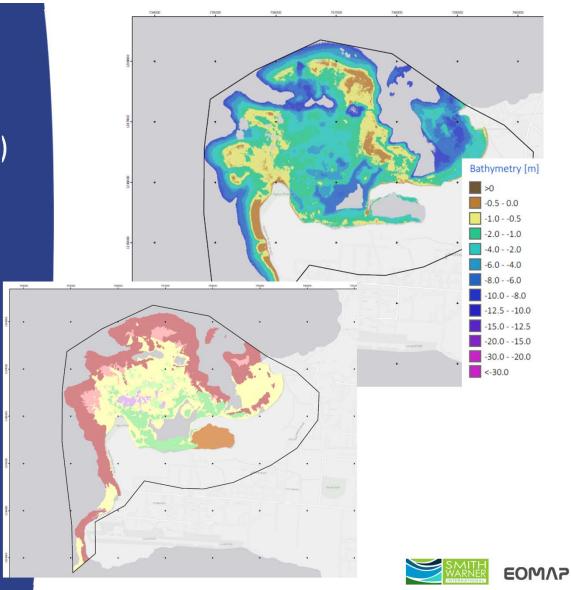
- Reduction in ALB, MLB tracklines
- Allow technology comparison
- Add charting confidence



# UNDERSTANDING OF NEARSHORE PROCESSES

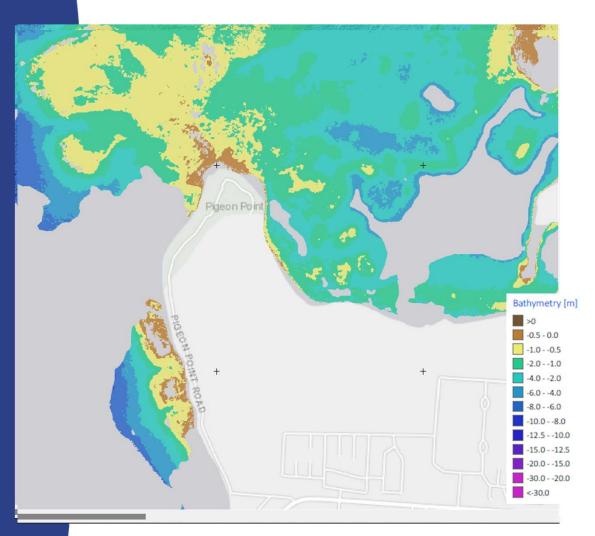
- Satellite derived bathymetry (2m)
  - 2004, 2013, 2015, 2017, 2021
- Sea Floor classification
  - 2004, 2021
- Shoreline mapping
  - 2004, 2013, 2015, 2017, 2021





### **SDB** "Time travel data"

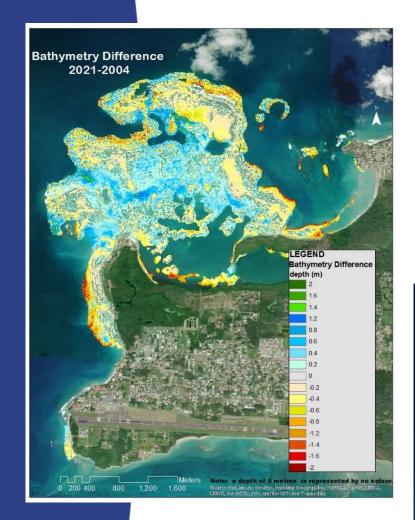
- Historical evolution of seabed features
- Demonstration of formation of key shoreline features





### **SDB Difference plots**

- Better understanding of spatial & temporal movement of sandbeds
- Volumetric analysis
- Sediment budget







### **SFC Difference plots**

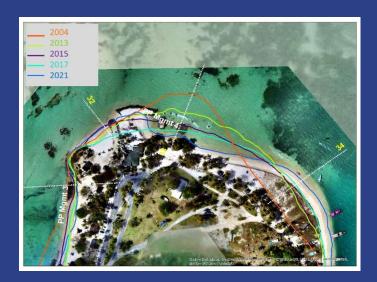
- Identification of sensitive habitat areas
- Ability to track changes
- Seagrass coverage area stable, BUT meadow locations have migrated





# **Understand structure impacts**

- Structure built in 2020 with no feasibility assessment completed
- Highly dynamic shoreline
- Immediate shoreline reaction



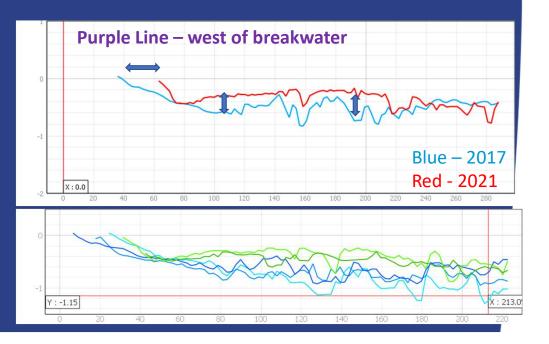


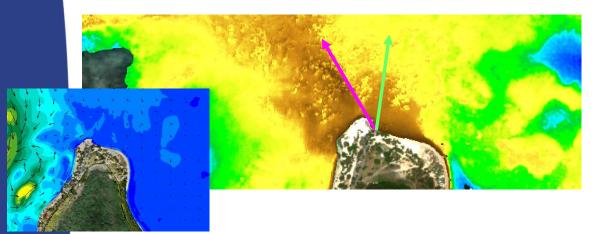


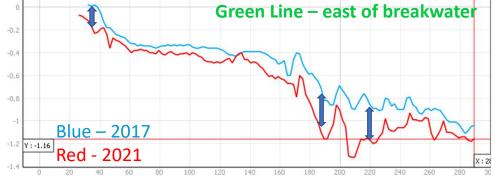
**EOMV5** 

### **Understand structure impacts**

- Demonstration of effects of structure
  - Accretion on updrift side
  - Erosion on downdrift side
- Justification for sound decision making



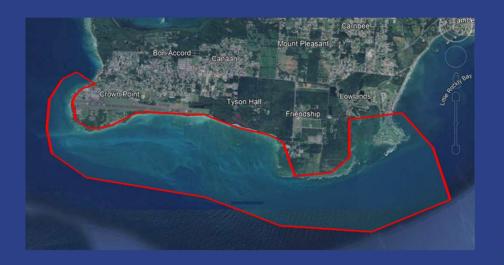


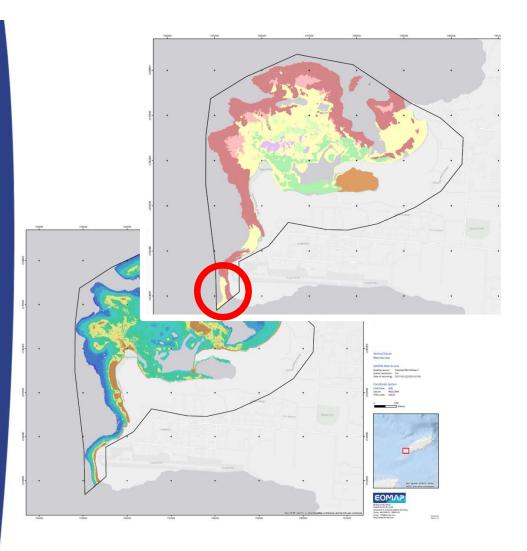




# **Sand Sourcing**

- SDB and SFC combined
  - Identify potential borrow areas for beach nourishment







### **Summary of benefits**

- Better data = improved modelling
- Minimize nearshore "guesswork"
- Understanding of coastline formation / coastal dynamics
- Quantification
  - Volumetric changes
  - Sediment budget
- Sand sourcing
- Webapp allows for a mechanism to showcase data
  - Convenient, accessible data storage
  - Transparency
  - Public relations
  - Project awareness





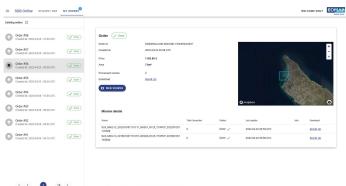
#### **SDB-ONLINE**

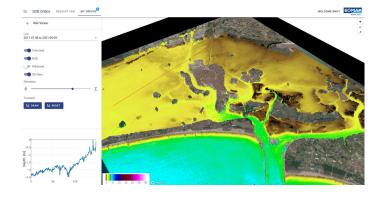
- Cloud backend, fully scalable
- Physics-based SDB concept (radiative transfer inversion)
- Coupled with satellite archives (currently Sentinel-2)
- Automatic mode (image selection, full processing workflow)
- Multi-image mode
- Webapp user interface
- Machine-to-machine (API)



## Define your site







# Visualize data online

**EOMVS** 

