



Direction des missions institutionnelles et des relations internationales Division relations extérieures

> BREST, le 31 juillet 2023 N°028/Shom/DMI/REX/NP

NATIONAL REPORT

SUBJET : France national report to the 19th meeting of the Southern African and

Islands Hydrographic Commission (SAIHC).

APPENDIX : one appendix.

1. HYDROGRAPHIC OFFICE: GENERAL

Shom is pursuing the achievement of its different commitments based on the National Maritime & Littoral Strategy and the Strategic Review of Defence and National Security according to a 4-year target and performance contract between Shom and the French State. The current target and performance contract came into effect on January 1, 2021 for the period 2021-2024.

In addition to that, survey works are being conducted according to the prioritized 4-years survey plan for waterways under French jurisdiction.

Detailed information to update IHO Publication P-5 (Yearbook) has been submitted using the online system.

This national report is submitted by RDML Laurent Kerléguer, French national hydrographer and Shom Director General (laurent.kerleguer@shom.fr).

2. SURVEYS

2.1. COVERAGE OF NEW SURVEYS

Shom's national hydrographic survey programme (https://www.shom.fr/fr/qui-sommesnous/programme-national-dhydrographie-pnh) details the long-term targeted objectives of CATZOC compliant hydrographic surveying in the Indian Ocean and the current surveys coverage for this area.

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Survey campaigns are planned by Shom on a regular basis in French overseas territories and areas under French responsibility to update nautical charts. No survey from Shom has been carried out in the SAIHC area in 2022.

French hydrographic vessel *Beautemps-Beaupré* will be deployed in the SAIHC Region in August 2023, off Mayotte and Madagascar.

2.2. LIDAR SURVEYS

Most of the French overseas coasts in the Indian Ocean within the region have been surveyed at 1m horizontal resolution. Sea Land digital terrain models are freely available for Mayotte Island, Scattered Islands and La Reunion Island.

They can be downloaded from Shom's data portals:

- data.shom.fr (Shom catalog / Master data / Coastal altimetry);
- diffusion.shom.fr: https://diffusion.shom.fr/donnees/altimetrie-littorale.html
 - o For Mayotte Island: https://diffusion.shom.fr/donnees/altimetrie-littorale/litto3d-mayot2012.html;
 - o For the Scattered Islands: https://diffusion.shom.fr/donnees/altimetrie-littorale/litto3d-eparses2012.html;
 - o For La Reunion Island: https://diffusion.shom.fr/donnees/altimetrie-littorale/litto3d-reunion2016.html;
- French Government open platform for public data: data.gouv.fr.

2.3. NEW TECHNOLOGIES AND/OR EQUIPMENT

See §10.1 for the preparation of future capacities.

2.4. NEW SHIPS

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2.5. CROWDSOURCED AND SATELLITE-DERIVED BATHYMETRY - NATIONAL POLICY

Crowdsourced bathymetry - CSB

In accordance with the IHO publication B-12, crowdsourced bathymetry is the practice of simultaneously recording the vessel's position and depth measurement, made with standard navigation instruments, on board a non-specialist vessel during its routine maritime operations. This recorded data is intended to be provided free of charge to the relevant organisation for consideration and, subject to validation, for public dissemination.

An instruction of the Prime Minister (published 22 November 2022) sets the French national policy regarding crowdsourced bathymetry.

Crowdsourced bathymetry is authorised in the waters under French sovereignty or jurisdiction, subject to the definition and constraints imposed by the instruction. Data from crowdsourced bathymetry in French waters have to be transmitted as a priority to the Shom, or alternatively to one of the following trusted third parties:

- the European Marine Observation and Data Network EMODnet, via its "Data Ingeneering" portal EMODnet, via its Data Ingestion Portal (https://submission.emodnetingestion.eu/);
- the IHO Data Centre for Digital Bathymetry (DCDB https://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/iho/).

The CSB data are licensed under the Attribution 4.0 International (CC BY 4.0) (https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/deed.fr) or Attribution 3.0 IGO (CC BY 3.0 IGO) (https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/igo/deed.fr), in accordance with the IHO Guide to Crowdsourced Bathymetry (IHO Publication B-12).

<u>Satellite-derived bathymetry - SDB</u>

The satellite-derived bathymetry (SDB) has been used since 1987 by Shom to complement traditional surveys (acoustic sounding surveys) to produce nautical charts in the Pacific region (available online

https://services.data.shom.fr/geonetwork/srv/eng/catalog.search#/metadata/TRAITEMENT_IMAGE_SPATIOCARTE_MARINE.xml).

Shom is currently conducting a research and development project in the field of SDB, Bathysat project, that will improve performance and quantify vertical uncertainties in accordance with the specifications of the new version of the S-44 (Edition 6.0.0). The results of the study should make it possible to use SDB with no need for calibration with field data.

The development of Bathysat was completed in September 2022. This stage has enabled Shom to acquire a prototype of the future production line with the following operating concepts:

- to develop, on a case-by-case basis, charting products in remote areas (in the absence of conventional hydrographic surveys);
- to generate seabed morphology products (DTMs) useful in particular for hydrodynamic modelling;
- to have a tool for rapid recognition of the coastal environment: estimation of bathymetric characteristics, turbidity, coastline;
- to detect, on a case-by-case basis, possible morphological changes of the seabed in the coastal strip (high revisit rates) in order to prioritise hydrographic surveys (decision support tool).

The industrialisation part will be performed in 2023, for a fully operational solution at the end of 2024.

In the meantime, the prototype will be tested in the Mayotte lagoon to assess the potential evolution of the seabed.

2.6. CHALLENGES AND ACHIEVEMENTS

Following abnormal seismic activities since May 2018 off Mayotte Island, scientific surveys, analysis and monitoring have been organized by French authorities and scientific organizations. Shom has contributed to this monitoring with a timely bathymetric survey in July 2019. A new survey will be carried out in 2023 during the deployment of French hydrographic vessel *Beautemps-Beaupré*.

3. NEW CHARTS & UPDATES

3.1. ENC COVERAGE, GAPS AND OVERLAPS

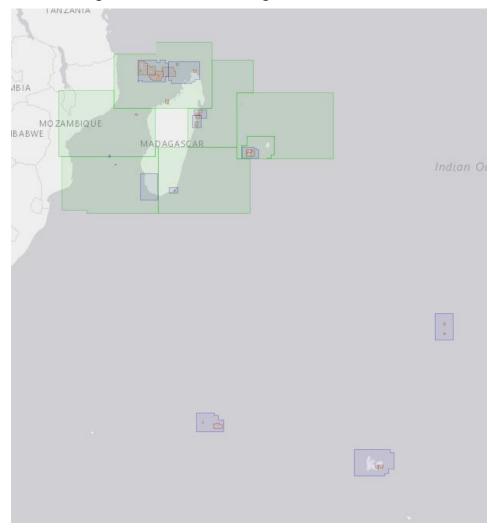
As of 1st May 2023, Shom has produced 821 ENCs, of which 71 ENCs within region H. The full collection should eventually reach 900 ENCs.

In line with the WEND recommendations and guidelines, France produces its small scale ENC cells as closely as possible to INT chart schemes.

The current status of ENC production in the region H is detailed in the table below (changes in red):

Usage Band	Produced Cells	Planned Cells	Percentage	
1	0	1	0%	
2	7	10	70%	
3	11	12	92%	
4	24	30	80%	
5	23	43	53%	
6 6		14	43%	
Total	71	110	65%	

The following figure is extracted from the online PRIMAR catalogue (http://www.primar.org) showing Shom ENC coverage within the SAIHC (region H) area:



<u>Fig. 1</u> – Region H - Shom's ENC production

ENC cells produced (new publication) since the last conference are detailed hereafter:

Number	Scale 1:	Title	
FR56054B	12 000	Mouillage d'Itapère	

ENC cells planned (new publications) for 2023/2024 are listed below:

Number	Scale 1:	Title
FD17C040	4,000,000	Las Craret Korguelen St Baul at Ametandara
FR176040	4 000 000	Les Crozet, Kerguelen, St Paul et Amsterdam
	l	Îles Kerguelen
FR478240	45 000	Côte Ouest des Kerguelen – Du Cap Poincaré au Cap Marigny
FR57824A	22 000	Port Curieuse
FR57824B	22 000	Baie de Douarnenenez
FR478270	45 000	Golfe des Baleiniers – De l'île du Veau Marin au Cap Rouge
FR57827A	22 000	Bras de la Fonderie
FR67827B	12 000	Port Couvreux
FR57827C	22 000	Baie du Hopeful
FR57828A	12 000	Baie de l'Oiseau - Port Christmas
FR57828B	22 000	Port Edmond Perrier et Anse de l'Excursion
FR57828C	22 000	Anse du Jardin
FR57828D	22 000	Baie du Brise-Lames
FR57828E	22 000	Port Matha
FR57828F	22 000	Port Jules Girard
FR57828G	22 000	Ports Fallières et Fuller
FR57828H	22 000	Côte Nord-Est de la Presqu'île Joffre
FR57828I	22 000	Baie du Hopeful - Mouillage Bon-Abri
FR67828J	8 000	Baie du Hopeful - Cascade Lozère
FR67828K	8 000	Baie du Yatch Club
FR57828L	22 000	Baie Doumergue
FR57828M	22 000	Port d'Hiver
FR57828N	12 000	Port Élisabeth
FR57828O	8 000	Port Jeanne d'Arc

FR67828P	12 000	Fjord des Portes Noires			
Madagascar					
FR348520	90 000	De la rivière Antsena au Cap Tanjo (Baie de Bombetoka)			
FR454760	90 000	De la Baie du Courrier à la Baie du Rodo			

3.2. ENC DISTRIBUTION METHOD

French ENCs (in S-63 encrypted format) are made available to distributors through the PRIMAR RENC. Shom participates, along with other hydrographic services, in the coordination work of the RENC (IC-ENC and PRIMAR).

France supports the work plan of the WEND working group to improve the implementation of the WEND principles.

3.3. RNC

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3.4. INT CHARTS

The table below contains the INT charts produced since the last conference:

IN	IT	Scale 1:	Title	Comment
/		1	1	1

Besides, the following INT charts are planned for the 2023-2024 period:

INT	Scale 1:	Title	Comment
7735	175 000	La Réunion	NE (2024)

The overall INT chart production status for the region H (changes in red) is provided below:

Caala	Duadesa d INT	Diament INT	D
Scale	Produced INT charts	Planned INT charts	Percentage
Small (<1/1 000 000)	6	6	100%
Medium	7	7	100%
Large (>1/100 000)	5	5	100%
Total	18	18	100%

3.5. NATIONAL PAPER CHARTS

Since the last SAIHC conference, the following charts have been edited:

National	Scale 1:	Title	Comment
7222	60 000	La Réunion - Partie Est	NE (2022)
7240	50 000	Îles Glorieuses	NC (2022)

	7328 5	59 900	La Réunion - Partie Sud	NE (2022)	
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Following charts are planned to be issued in 2023/2024:

National	Scale 1:	Title	Comment
7492	35 000	Île de Mayotte - Partie Nord	NE (2023)
7493	35 000	Île de Mayotte - Partie Est	NE (2022)
7494	35 000	Île de Mayotte - Partie Ouest	NE (2023)
7823	div.	Îles Kerguelen – Baies d'Audierne et des Swains	NC (2024)
7824	div.	Îles Kerguelen – Du Cap Poincaré au Cap Marigny – Port Curieuse et Baie de Douarnenez	NC (2024)
7827	div.	Îles Kerguelen – Golfe des Baleiniers – De l'île du Veau Marin au Cap Rouge	NC (2023)
7828	div.	Îles Kerguelen (16 cartouches)	NC (2023)

3.6. OTHER CHARTS, E.G. FOR PLEASURE CRAFT

Shom provides georeferenced marine charts in GeoTiff and S-57 format. These digital marine charts are available through Shom's online store "http://diffusion.shom.fr" under various licenses¹ according to the purpose of use. These data can be used with GIS or cartographic software for commercial or private purposes.

A S-57 license² allows unlimited download of updated versions for 12 months from the date of purchase.

3.7. CHALLENGES AND ACHIEVEMENTS

Shom has set up a dedicated team working on the implementation of the S-101 (with the aim of switching all production to this new format by the availability of the first ECDIS S-100 expected in). In particular, the "S-100 across the Channel" project, in partnership with the UKHO, from S-101 ENC production to sea trials, is a risk assessment on the dual fuel mode of ECDIS.

The Shom project "Unified Cartographic Source" will review methodology (included automation) to produce French charts with a data-centric approach and the principle of "single charting scale per area". This project will include a homogenisation of chart scales by Usage Band and a review of all the French charts to eliminate discontinuities between products: Shom plans to start its production (by France) with this new method mid-2024.

4. **NEW PUBLICATIONS & UPDATES**

4.1. NEW PUBLICATIONS

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¹Internal reuse, commercial reuse, documentary use or end user.

² Each license allows internal reuse of the data for up to 5 workstations. For more information, contact <u>bps@shom.fr</u>

4.2. UPDATED PUBLICATIONS

Sailing directions, light and fog signal books and radio signal books are no longer published in print form. They are updated on a weekly basis and distributed via the online Shom distribution portal (diffusion.shom.fr). Mariners who subscribe to these books are alerted of corrections by e-mail and by the Notice to Mariners (GAN).

4.3. MEANS OF DELIVERY

Nautical publications are available in digital format (pdf files) on Shom's online shop (http://diffusion.shom.fr).

4.4. CHALLENGES AND ACHIEVEMENTS

NTR.

5. MSI

5.1. EXISTING INFRASTRUCTURE FOR MSI DISSEMINATION

Shom's notices to mariners (GAN) are exclusively available under digital formats on Shom website: http://diffusion.shom.fr/gan.

MSI Point of contact at Shom:

Head of Regional Team - oversea area

French Hydrographic Office

13, rue du Chatellier - CS 92803 - 29228 BREST CEDEX 2 - FRANCE

Tel: + 33 (0) 256 31 21 90

Email: dops-psm-na-omer@shom.fr

5.2. STATISTICS ON WORK OF THE NATIONAL COORDINATOR

See Appendix.

Shom controls and coordinates local and coastal warnings issued by its national delegated coordinators (maritime zone commands mentioned in Appendix).

5.3. NEW INFRASTRUCTURE IN ACCORDANCE WITH GMDSS MASTER PLAN

There is no NAVTEX station cover for French overseas territories, MSI warnings are broadcast through SafetyNet network.

Hereafter are listed the coordinates of the French overseas territories POCs for NAVAREA VII and VIII:

AREA	COUNTRY	NAME	TELEPHONE	FACSIMILE	EMAIL
VII	French Areas (La Reunion,	Commandant			emia-saint-denis.permanence-
& VIII	Mayotte, French Southern and Antarctic lands	Maritime Sug	+262 (0)2 62 93 53 54		ops@intradef.gouv.fr

5.4. CHALLENGES AND ACHIEVEMENTS

French national nautical information platform - PING

France is developing its national nautical information platform called PING.

This platform aims to digitize nautical information as much as possible to promote wide dissemination and integration into user systems (ship navigation systems, shore services systems, user systems, etc.).

The platform will have a portal for humans and programming interfaces (API) for systems, with 3 functional modules:

- production and distribution of navigational warnings,
- transmission of source information by maritime services and users to contribute to nautical information,
- production and dissemination of maritime geo-regulations in a spatialized form.

A mobile application will also be associated with the platform.

The production and digital dissemination of navigation warnings will use the IHO S-124 Navigational warnings standard under development, while ensuring compatibility with the current NAVTEX and EGC systems.

The project is supported by the European Maritime Affairs and Fisheries Fund and the navigation warnings module has been developed and tested in the framework of the European Interreg MED OSMOSIS project.

For the time being, PING is based on the draft S-124 standard. It will be aligned with the first edition of the S-124 standard when it is published.

PING will be deployed operationally end of 2023 in metropolitan France and end of 2024 in the French overseas territories.

The source code of PING is open source and its interoperability has been successfully tested.

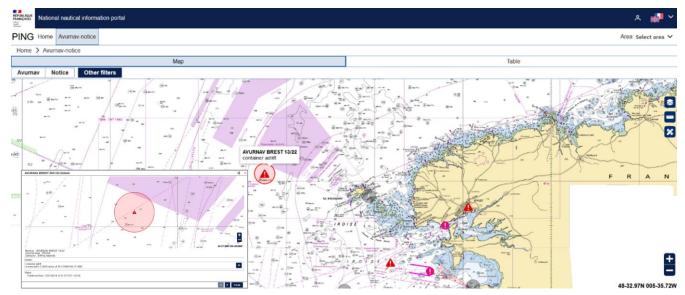


Fig. 2 - Public displays of urgent notices to mariners

6. C-55 - LATEST UPDATES

The table with the latest information to update IHO Publication C-55 (Status of Hydrographic Surveying and Charting Worldwide) regarding region H area have been provided using the online system on 25 May 2023:

Sı	rvey Status	D	epth < 200	m	Depth > 200m		
Up	odated: December 2022	Α	В	С	Α	В	С
	lles Éparses - France (Bassas de India, Europa et Juan de Nova)		80.4	4.2	23.5	0.2	76.3
Н	Mayotte et Glorieuses – France	24.3	73.0	2.7	59.3	0.5	40.2
	La Réunion et Tromelin – France	64.0	35.3	0.7	28.2	0.0	71.8
	Terres Australes françaises (Crozet, Kerguelen, Amsterdam, Saint-Paul)	10.8	26.5	62.7	23.8	0.5	75.7
	Comores (Union des)	26.1	7.9	66.0	34.9	0.0	65.1
	Madagascar (République de)	1.4	8.7	89.9	19.0	0.1	80.9

Charting Status Updated: May 2023		Small		Medium		Large		Metric	WGS84			
		(<1 M)		(1M < / < 100 000)		(> 100 000)						
٠,	opulated. Hay 2020		В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С		
	lles Éparses - France (Bassas de India, Europa et Juan de Nova)		0	NA	100	0	100	100	0	100	100	100
	Mayotte et Glorieuses – France	100	0	100	100	0	100	75	0	75	100	100
Н	La Réunion et Tromelin – France	100	0	NA	100	0	100	100	0	100	100	100
	Terres Australes françaises (Crozet, Kerguelen, Amsterdam, Saint-Paul)		0	NA	100	0	100	81	0	81	100	100
	Comores (Union des)	100	0	100	100	0	100	20	0	20	100	100
	Madagascar (République de)	100	0	100	100	0	100	80	0	80	100	100

C-55 values for survey status (top table) and charting status (down table). Updated values are highlighted in red

7. CAPACITY BUILDING

7.1. OFFER OF CAPACITY BUILDING

Shom school offers FIG-OHI-ACI (category B) courses in hydrography and marine cartography. These courses are given in French and are open to French-speaking foreign candidates (depending on available places). The training offer is presented on the Shom website: https://www.shom.fr/sites/default/files/2022-09/Offre formation Externe 2022-2023.pdf
Some training modules are provided within the framework of the French-speaking hydrography

association (AFHy: http://www.afhy.fr/) and are open to its members.

A training course in hydrography accredited in category A FIG-OHI-ACI is provided by ENSTA Bretagne (https://www.ensta-bretagne.fr/index.php/option-hyo-hydrographie-et-oceanographie/).



<u>Fig. 3</u> – Courses and training provided at the Shom hydrographic school (source: shom.fr)

7.2. TRAINING RECEIVED, NEEDED, OFFERED NTR.

7.3. PROJECT MANAGEMENT ASSISTANCE FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF HYDRO-OCEANOGRAPHIC VESSELS

Shom has a recognized know-how in the construction of hydro-oceanographic vessels (from 8m launches to 100m vessels). It masters the entire process from the expression of needs to the implementation of systems. It puts its expertise at the service of shipyards, within the framework of new constructions or modernizations for:

 Studies to define, on the basis of an expression of need, the complete specifications in terms of hydro-oceanographic equipment (including computers), as well as the fitting out of premises and scientific spaces of hydro-oceanographic ships. Shom provides intellectual services such as the drafting of the metrological survey essential to the proper integration and control of the systems, the specification of the batches of spare parts adapted to the ship's missions, the interface plans, the acceptance book and the ship's logbook (in its field of competence).

- Equipment acceptance and integration: supervision of equipment integration (mechanical, interfacing, metrology, etc.), acceptance tests in the factory, in port and at sea.
- Training and assistance: training of personnel who will implement the equipment, but also of personnel who will maintain the systems, transfer of skills, handling of warranty calls after delivery of the vessel to the end customer.



<u>Fig. 4</u> – Nigerian hydrographic ship Lana built by the French shipyard OCEA with the support of Shom (Source: OCEA)

7.4. STATUS OF NATIONAL, BILATERAL, MULTILATERAL OR REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS WITH HYDROGRAPHIC COMPONENT

For the countries benefiting from Shom support to meet their hydrographic services obligations spelled out by the SOLAS convention, France fosters a mechanism of gradual transfer of responsibilities through State-to-State administrative arrangements. This mechanism relies on training at Shom facilities and the formalisation of the respective responsibilities for maritime safety information, hydrographic and charting activities.

7.5. DEFINITION OF PROPOSALS AND REQUESTS TO THE IHO CBSC NTR.

8. OCEANOGRAPHIC ACTIVITIES

8.1. GENERAL

NTR.

8.2. GEBCO/IBC'S ACTIVITIES

In the waters under French jurisdiction of the SAIHC region, Shom's bathymetric data are accessible:

- through the EMODnet Bathymetry portal (http://www.emodnet-bathymetry.eu/)
- in the form of bathymetric DTMs for the coastline and the shoreline on Shom's dissemination portal (https://diffusion.shom.fr/donnees/bathymerie.html)
- as bathymetric batches on Shom's dissemination portal (https://diffusion.shom.fr/searchproduct/product/configure/id/409)

Data on transits in French and international waters were provided to IHO DCDB and for integration into the GEBCO grid in 2018.

The survey coverage and associated metadata available on the IHO DCDB site are provided via the *EMODnet Bathymetry* portal supported by the European Union. The last update of all these bathymetric resources was performed in December 2020.

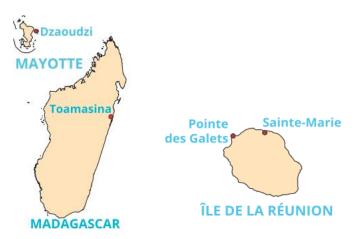
8.3. TIDE GAUGE NETWORK

Shom is the national coordinator and reference authority for the observation of the sea level, managing and issuing the resulting data. This mission is carried out under the REFMAR programme. All real time and processed tide gauge measurements collected under that programme are freely accessible on the web http://data.shom.fr/#donnees/refmar for all areas under French jurisdiction. Shom itself operates and maintains a large tidal network reporting in real time, RONIM, which is a major contribution to REFMAR.

This network is recognized as an important tool for coastal operational oceanography, risk assessment, studies on the evolution of the mean sea level, etc.

The RONIM network is covering the SAIHC region:

- La Reunion Island: Pointe des galets & Sainte-Marie;
- Mayotte Island : Dzaoudzi ;
- Madagascar: Toamasina (owned by Madagascar Met. Office and operated by Shom);
- Kerguelen Islands: Port-aux-français (LEGOS/ROSAME).



<u>Fig. 5</u> – Tidal gauges of RONIM network covering the SAIHC region (source: shom.fr)

Shom's tidal predictions are available through an online service named maree.shom.fr. This service provides free access of 10 days of tidal predictions from over 1,000 harbours worldwide.

8.4. NEW EQUIPMENT

Since 2021, the RONIM tide gauge network is being renovated: data loggers, transmission equipment and supervision software are renewed. The expected results are: better reliability, improved transmission rates and reduced maintenance needs. In the SAIHC region, the tide gauges of Dzaoudzi, Pointe des Galets and Sainte Marie have been renewed.

Due to port development work, the tide gauge of Toamasina has been dismantled without any prospect of reinstallation for the moment.

8.5. CHALLENGES AND ACHIEVEMENTS

Consequences of the seismic activity off Mayotte

Since May 2018, the island of Mayotte has been undergoing a "seismic crisis". Several dozen earthquakes, some of which were felt by the population, have been recorded since that date and located in an area about 50 km east of the island. These earthquakes have been associated with the appearance of an underwater volcano in the zone of origin of the seismic activity.

As a consequence of this seismic crisis, a significant subsidence of the island of Mayotte occurred. The surface displacements measured since the beginning of the crisis by the GPS stations of Mayotte indicate: a) an overall displacement of the GPS stations of Mayotte towards the east of about 21 to 25 cm; b) a subsidence of about 10 to 19 cm depending on their location on the island. A slowing of the movements has been observed since April-May 2019.

The phenomenon of subsidence results in a mechanical apparent rise of the mean sea level. Nonetheless, the absolute level (i.e. measured in relation to a fixed reference) does not vary significantly.

In the current state of the phenomenon, which is still ongoing, it is too early for Shom to reassess its tidal predictions. This will have to be done after a sufficiently long stabilisation period and on the basis of new observations.

In the meantime, it is recommended to add the value of sinking to Shom's tidal predictions. In April 2022, this value is estimated at around 20 cm.

Evolution of the tidal services

The products called "Annuaire des marées", "Horaires de marées (calculés pour 100 ports)" and "Prédictions à la carte (disponibles pour 1000 ports)", which were previously available on the portal diffusion.shom.fr, have been merged into a single service called "Marées à la carte".

This service, which calculates tide predictions, can be accessed at the following address: https://diffusion.shom.fr/marees/horaires-des-marees.html.

The functions available are:

- Calculation of the times and heights of high and low tides, combined with coefficients (Annuaire des marées). The coefficients are calculated for French Channel and Atlantic ports only;
- Calculation of water level at a given time step (1, 5, 10, 30 and 60 minutes);
- Threshold calculation (search for time slots where a water level is above or below a given threshold).

The results are available in two formats:

- XML: standard exchange format, intended for programming or use on the Web. This format is available for calculating the times and heights of high and low water;
- TXT: simple text format in columns. Format available for calculating times and heights of high and low water, water levels at a given time step and thresholds.

A user guide describing the various functions and settings of the service is available on the service's home page by clicking on the "More details" link.

9. SPATIAL DATA INFRASTRUCTURES

9.1. STATUS OF MSDI

Shom develops and maintains a MSDI covering all maritime areas under French jurisdiction. The information thus compiled is accessible through 3 portals:

- data.shom.fr
- diffusion.shom.fr
- maritimelimits.gouv.fr

9.2. RELATIONSHIP WITH THE NSDI

The various maritime geographical information produced by Shom are referenced on the French NSDI (https://www.data.gouv.fr/).

9.3. INVOLVEMENT IN REGIONAL OR GLOBAL MSDI EFFORTS

Shom contributes to the IHO MSDIWG.

9.4. NATIONAL IMPLEMENTATION OF THE SHARED DATA PRINCIPLES – INCLUDING ANY NATIONAL DATA POLICY AND IMPACT ON MARINE DATA

In accordance with France open data policy, Shom has opened access to its basic data: bathymetric data, wrecks, cables, seabed types, maritime limits & boundaries, toponymic databases, port information, and maritime regulations, etc. These data are distributed under a Creative Commons "CC-BY-SA 4.0" license or an open license, depending on the case.

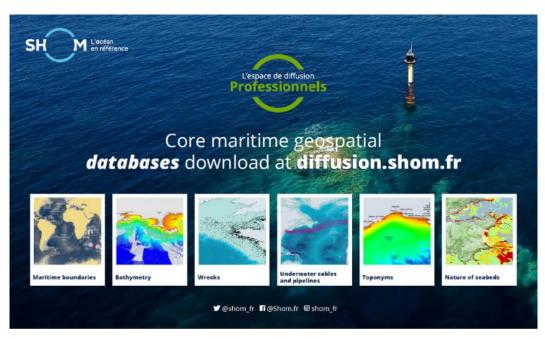


Fig. 6 – Access to Shom's open data (diffusion.shom.fr)

9.5. MSDI NATIONAL PORTALS

Data on data.shom.fr portal are organised according to the following topics:

- Master data: cartography, maritime boundaries, maritime and coastal database, coastal altimetry, bathymetry, vertical datums, sedimentology, geophysics, tides, currents and historical data;
- Oceanographic forecasts: waves, meteorology, water level, hourly surface hydrodynamic, daily mean 3D hydrodynamic and oceanogram;
- Coastal observations: sea level (REFMAR), sea surface current and sea bottom turbidity.

Not all this information is available on the SAIHC region.

Hereafter are listed some of the latest evolutions:

- Wrecks and obstructions (edition);
- Aids to Navigation (AtoN) (edition);
- Bathymetric measurements (edition);
- Maritime altimetric references (edition);
- Sovereignty or jurisdiction maritime spaces (new);
- Tidal tables calculation (edition).

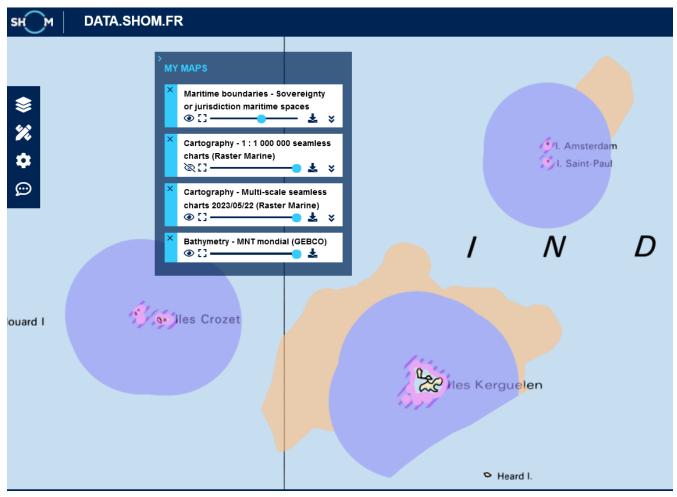


Fig. 7 – New layer: Sovereignty or jurisdiction maritime spaces (data.shom.fr)

A detailed description of the portal functions and contents is available on Shom website (https://services.data.shom.fr/support/fr).

9.6. BEST PRACTICES AND LESSONS LEARNED

Based on feedback from portal users, new portal ergonomics have been defined.

The new online shop with a more readable offer and a simplified and more intuitive user experience is now available.



Fig. 8 – New ergonomics of Shom's online shop (diffusion.shom.fr)

9.7. CHALLENGES AND ACHIEVEMENTS

The national maritime boundaries portal (<u>maritimelimits.gouv.fr</u>) is based on Article 16 of Order No. 2016-1687 of 8 December 2016, with the aim of consulting and disseminating the official elements used to delimit maritime areas under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of the French Republic, in particular legal references and digital data.

A new version of this portal was released in February 2023. This new version includes new ergonomics and information is now organized into 4 themes:

- French maritime areas;
- Traffic and shipping;
- Limits of competence and reporting;
- Occupation and use of the maritime domain.



Fig. 9 - New ergonomics of the official French maritime boundaries portal

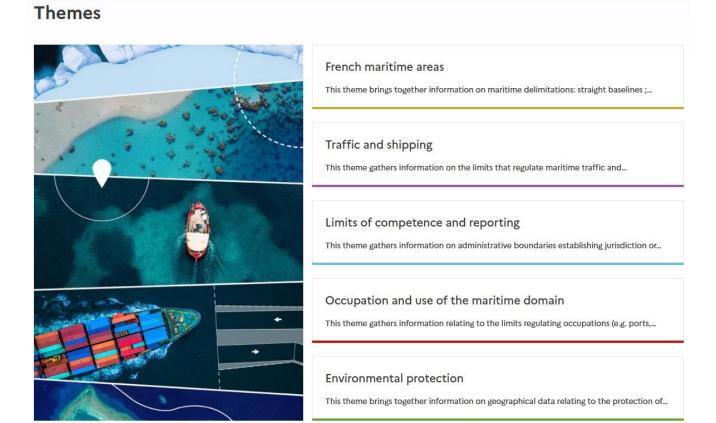


Fig. 10 - Themes of the official French maritime boundaries portal

10. INNOVATION

10.1. USE OF NEW TECHNOLOGIES

As part of the preparation phase for the replacement of the hydro-oceanographic fleet (CHOF project), an agreement was signed with the procurement agency of the French DoD (DGA) for a period of three years in order to conduct experiments and modernise hydrographic data processing techniques.

A first experiment was carried out in September 2020 with 2 Unmanned Surface Vehicles DriX from Exail; many other experiments were carried out in 2021 with AUV A18D from ECA and with deep sea AUV HUGIN 6000 Superior from Kongsberg. Following these trials, rentals of HUGIN 6000m Superior have been contracted with Kongsberg in order to give some basic training to people in charge of the high-resolution deep-sea cartography and to prepare for autonomy. Other experiments are planned in the coming years with the aim of assessing definitively the USV DRIX performances and to challenge UAV in operational conditions. Beyond the evaluation of the hydrographic performance of these new platforms, these experiments should make it possible to adapt the organisation and processes in order to get the best out of these new technologies.



Fig. 11 – Experiment of USV DriX deployed from BHO Beautemps-Beaupré (Source: iXblue, 2020)



<u>Fig. 12</u> – Experiment of AUV HUGIN deployed from BHO Beautemps-Beaupré (Source: Marine nationale, 2021)

10.2. RISK ASSESMENT

Shom completed in 2020 the development of an experimental tool called "Deseasion platform". It is a multi-criteria decision tool for hydrographic risk assessment and cost-benefit analysis. It will be used in the coming years to improve the national hydrographic survey program.

10.3. POLICY MATTERS

NTR.

11. OTHER ACTIVITIES

11.1. PARTICIPATION OF IHO MEETINGS

Due to its overseas territories and primary charting responsibilities, France, represented by Shom, is a member or associate member in 9 regional hydrographic commissions.

The detail of Shom's involvement in other IHO activities is listed in the table hereafter:

Name	Chair / Vice chair	Member	Observations		
Council		✓	IHO Council		
CBSC		✓	Capacity Building Sub-Committee		
NCWG		✓	Nautical Cartography Working Group		
ENCWG		✓	ENC Standards Maintenance Working Group		
DPSWG		✓	Data Protection Scheme Working Group		
DQWG		✓	Data Quality Working Group -Last meeting in 1996		
EAtHC	✓	✓	Eastern Atlantic Hydrographic Commission		
FC		✓	Vice-chairman of Finance Committee		
GEBCO		✓	Joint IOC-IHO Guiding Committee for the General Bathymetric Chart of Oceans (GEBCO)		
HCA		✓	Hydrographic Commission on Antarctica		
HDWG	✓	✓	Hydrographic Dictionary Working Group		
HSSC	✓	✓	Hydrographic Services and Standards Committee		
IENWG *	√	✓	IHO-European Union Working group		
IRCC		✓	Inter-Regional Coordination Committee		
MACHC		✓	MESO American & Caribbean Sea Hydrographic Commission		
MBSHC		✓	Mediterranean and Black Seas Hydrographic Commission		
MSDIWG		✓	Marine Spatial Data Infrastructure Working Group		
NIOHC		✓	North Indian Ocean Hydrographic Commission		
NIPWG		✓	Nautical Information Provision Working Group		
NSHC		✓	North Sea Hydrographic Commission		
RSAHC		✓	ROPME Hydrographic Commission		
S100WG		✓	S-100 Working Group		

SAIHC	✓	Southern Africa and Islands Hydrographic Commission				
HSWG	✓	Hydrographic Surveys Working Group				
SWPHC	✓	South-West Pacific Hydrographic Commission				
TWCWG	✓	Tidal, Water Level and Currents Working Group				
WEND	✓	Wold-Wide Electronic Navigational Chart Database				
WWNWS	✓	World-wide Navigational Warning Service Sub- Committee				

* Representation of SAIHC at IENWG:

France represents the SAIHC at IENWG since its creation. Although the main topic of the IENWG is to deal with European Union policies, activities and processes of HO's interest, the impacts of these activities go beyond Europe. As an illustration, the EMODnet EU initiative, which celebrated its 10th anniversary in 2020, provides a worldwide data index (CDI) and a Bathymetry World Base layer produced in cooperation with the GEBCO. It should be noted that Shom pilots the bathymetric part of the EMODnet programme.

11.2. METEOROLOGICAL DATA COLLECTION

NTR.

11.3. GEOSPATIAL STUDIES

NTR.

11.4. PREPARATION FOR RESPONSES TO DISASTERS

France may have Navy ships in the SAIHC region ready to provide support in case of an emergency. France also provides technical support and has a rapid response capacity for environmental data in case of a disaster.

The point of contact at Shom in case of a marine disaster is the head of the maritime safety information division. This division can be reached 24/7 by fax +33 298 221 665 or email coord.navarea2@shom.fr.

Tsunami alert

Shom is maintaining a large real time tide gauge network RONIM, an important tool for coastal operational oceanography, risk assessment, studies on the evolution of the mean sea level, etc. By having tide gauges in Europe and in the French overseas territories, Shom is contributing to Tsunami warning in Pacific Ocean, Indian Ocean, Caribbean Sea and Mediterranean Sea.

Some of these sea-level observatories are part of the IOC GLOSS system for a global monitoring of sea level change.

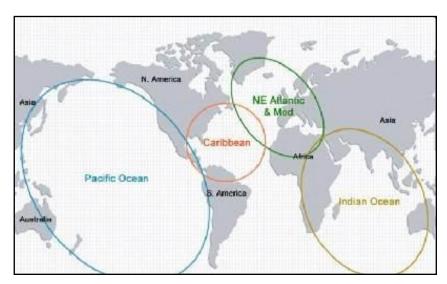


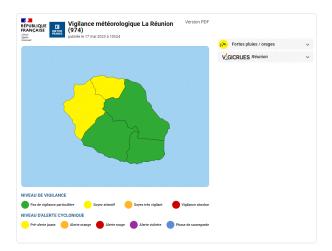
Fig. 13 - Cooperation areas on tsunami warning system (source COI; UNESCO)

Coastal flooding

Shom is associated with Météo-France in the provision and improvement of an alert system to prevent from storm surges and tides named Vigilance Vagues Submersion (VVS). This allows for a better anticipation of flooding and protection of the populations living in the littoral area of Metropolitan France. An extension of that alert system towards French overseas departments is currently under work.

Shom provides the tidal predictions, development and expertise on coastal hydrodynamic and wave models, real time tide gauge observations as well as information relative to extreme sea levels and bathymetry. Météo-France's marine forecasters perform a comprehensive analysis of observation and model outputs to produce a forecast, summarized on a map depicting the level of awareness to adopt along French departments.

This capacity was recently upgraded for storm tide warning on Mayotte and La Réunion islands to make the most of the full forecasts systems of sea state and storm surge, developed and implemented at Météo-France as an outcome of the HOMONIM partnership project with Météo-France.



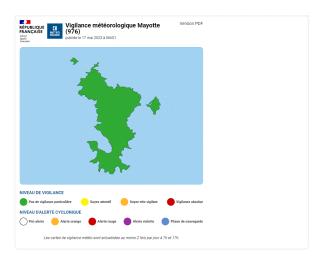
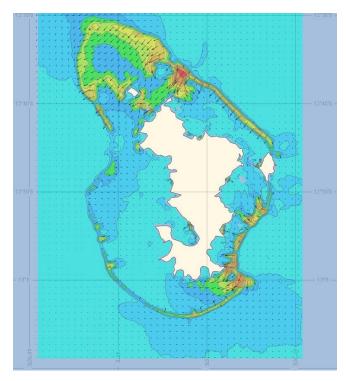


Fig. 14 – Example of "traffic light" maps issued by Météo-France on La Réunion (left) and Mayotte (right) for meteorological risks, including storm tide (when active warning ongoing). © Météo-France.

<u>https://vigilance.meteofrance.fr/fr/la-reunion</u> - <u>https://vigilance.meteofrance.fr/fr/mayotte</u>

As a reminder, the digital forecast capacity is currently defined as:

- two nearshore wave forecast chains (based on WaveWatch-III model), with a 200m-resolution unstructured grid around La Réunion and Mayotte islands, forced at open boundaries with outputs from the regional wave model MFWAM of Météo-France, and with sea level and barotropic currents from the highest resolution storm surge model (which largely improved the wave forecast inside the Mayotte lagoon);
- a downscaling suite of 3 nested configurations (based on Shom's Hycom 2D barotropic model) with a 3km-resolution grid at regional scale down to 800m and 200m resolution around La Reunion and Mayotte islands respectively, including specific updated bathymetric DTM, to forecast storm surges and nearshore currents.



<u>Fig. 15</u> – Example of 24-hour forecast of 2Dbarotropic currents on Sept. 10th 2019 00UTC around Mayotte Island

(source HOMONIM project. © Météo-France).

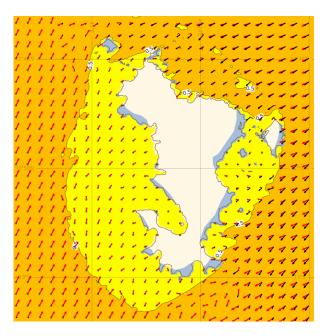


Fig. 16 – Example of 36-hour forecast of full sea state height (shading) and direction (black arrows), and wind-driven waves direction (red arrows), on Nov 23rd 2017 00UTC around Mayotte Island (source HOMONIM project. © Météo-France).

Oil spills

Shom is an active member of the inter-agency drifting committee which is activated by the maritime authorities every time there is an oil spill. The POLMAR safety plan for the sea was signed on 23rd November 2004 and aims at enabling France to face in a reactive manor a potential wide spread of marine pollution, by ensuring the efficient coordination of national operations and support from public services.

11.5. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

Shom is a player in the national implementation of the European Union Marine Strategy Framework Directive (MSFD). Shom is the scientific lead for the descriptors "Hydrographic

changes" and "Noise" and coordinates the associated monitoring programs. Shom is also a monitoring operator for these descriptors. It is involved in European projects on this issue, such as the JONAS project on the assessment of noise from maritime traffic on the Atlantic coast. 2019 and 2020 were mainly devoted to the revision of monitoring programs. The years 2021 and 2022 were focused on the calculation of indicators and assessments of Good Ecological Status. These indicators will then be reported to the EU by France, based on the scientific reports delivered by the different institutions in charge.

11.6. ENGAGEMENT WITH THE MARITIME ADMINISTRATION

NTR.

11.7. AIDS TO NAVIGATION MATTERS

NTR.

11.8. MAGNETIC AND GRAVITY SURVEYS

NTR.

11.9. INTERNATIONAL ENGAGEMENTS

Within the SAIHC area, a bilateral arrangement of cooperation regarding hydrography, oceanography and nautical charting is concluded between France and the Union of Comoros (updated on November 11th 2019), and one is under discussion with the Republic of Madagascar. An arrangement for the exchange and reproduction of nautical products, in accordance with IHO Resolution 7/1919 as amended (former A3.4) has been concluded with the National Hydrographic Office of India (INHO) on March 8th 2018 (updated on June 3rd 2021).

As part of the IHO's capacity building policy, Shom conducted a technical visit to Comoros in October 2022 and another to Madagascar in February 2023. The corresponding reports are available online

(https://iho.int/uploads/user/Capacity%20Building/Reports%20Assessments/Assessment Reports final.pdf).

12. CONCLUSIONS

Shom supports any initiative aimed at improving hydrographic knowledge and navigation safety, insofar as the data collected benefit the cartographic authorities and the updating of the nautical documentation of this region.

ANNEXE I TO THE REPORT N°028/SHOM/DMI/REX/NP DATED 31/07/2023 NATIONAL MSI SELF-ASSESSMENT

Country: FRANCE Organization: Shom

1. Maritime area

[Describe maritime area including details of the geographic boundaries]

The maritime area includes coastal waters (up to 250 NM) of La Reunion Island, Mayotte Island, Scattered Islands, Saint Paul and Amsterdam Islands, Crozet archipelago and Kerguelen Islands.

2. Operational Points of Contact for the National Coordinator

INSTITUTION	TELEPHONE	FACSIMILE	EMAIL
Shom, overseas office of the "Information and Nautical publication" department of the "Maritime Products and services" division		/	dops-psm-na- omer@shom.fr

3. GMDSS Master Plan

[Report on the status of the GMDSS Master Plan: Is it up to date? When was the last update?]

The French GMDSS Master Plan is compiled in the Shom publication "Maritime radiocommunications" reference n°924-RNC available on-line: https://diffusion.shom.fr/ouvrages/radiosignaux/rsx-92-4-radiocommunications-maritimes-systeme-mondial-de-detresse-et-de-securite-en-mer-smdsm.html

The publication is regularly updated (last version June 21^{st} 2023).

[Specifics of equipment used and software version with date up-dated]

Equipment Type for Ports and Local Area	Software Version	Date of Up-date
No NAVTEX station in French ovserseas territoritories within the MACHC region. Coastal warnings broadcasted through SAFETYNET	NTR	NTR
Terrestrial rediocommunications HF, MF and VHF means	NTR	NTR

[Detail the number of warnings identified as immediate priority (requiring transmission within 30 minutes) and the average elapsed time for passing to NAVAREA coordinator, as reported to the last RHC meeting]:

	Year Y-2		Year Y-1	Year Y		
Total	Average elapsed time	Total	Average elapsed time	Total	Average elapsed time	
NTR	NTR	NTR	NTR	NTR	NTR	

4. NAVTEX Coverage:

[Diagram of NAVTEX stations and service areas within maritime area; Contact details for NAVTEX Stations; Confirm operational status has been validated.]

Not applicable.

Coastal warnings broadcasted by SafetyNET in French overseas territories.

5. Operational Issues:

[New infrastructure in accordance with GMDSS Master Plan; Problems encountered?]

6. Contingency Planning

[Provide information regarding contingency plans that have been established and future plans where appropriate. Also report on any testing of the plan that has been conducted]

The mutual support process between NAVAREA II and VII coordinators was successfully tested in June 2018.

7. Capacity Building

[Demands for Capacity Building, Training requested or received, any offered, status of national, bilateral, multilateral or regional development projects with MSI component]

Not applicable.

8. Other Activities

[Participation in other IHO or IMO Working Groups, Regional Hydrographic Commissions, regional conferences related to MSI over past year]

Shom participates to IHO and IMO Working Groups, Regional Hydrographic Commissions and the regional conferences related to MSI over past year (SMAN12, NCSR7, DRWG19).

9. National Maritime Website

[(Address, statistics (if permitted by national legislation; how often is the information on your web site updated? Do you display the date and time of the last update on your web site?]

French overseas territories POCs for NAVAREA X and XIV:

AR	A COUNTRY	NAME	TELEPHONE	FACSIMILE
VI	,	Indien	+262 (0)2 62 93 53 54	
VIII	,,		emia-saint-denis.permane ops@intradef.gouv.fr	nce-

10. Recommendations

[If any]

11. Summary

[Please provide a short summary of this paper which will be included in the final report of the meeting.]

Shom, as French national MSI coordinator, do not transmit MSI within the SAIHC region.

Shom controls and coordinates the warnings issued by its national delegated coordinators.

LISTE DE DIFFUSION

<u>DESTINATAIRES</u> :

- SAIHC CHAIR (UKHO)
- IHO SECRETARIAT

COPIES INTÉRIEURES :

- DG
- DMI(D-REX)
- archives (DMIDSD/2.009)