

14th Meeting of the WENDWG

Stakeholder session

View of Furuno on Expectations from Mariners and End User Service

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Providers on ENDS provision

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INTRODUCTION/BACKGROUND

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FURUNO as ECDIS OEM for S-57 based ECDIS generation

- Own technology, focus on end user performance
- One of the first in the market
- Customer driven
 - S-57 ENC
 - S-57 AML
 - CMAP
 - ARCS
- S-57 ENC part has always been based on reading IHO format (i.e. no SENC delivery)
 - Result is that probably the Furuno ECDIS installation base has been the largest open market for competition by various S-57 chart delivery operators (for example Navtor, Chartworld, etc.)
- Furuno has always provided possibility for S-57 ENC chart delivery by Furuno as "distributor"
 - "distributor" offers content as available from RENC (AVCS or PRIMAR) or as available directly from an individual HO. This means no need to digitally sign by Furuno
 - "Gate-1" onboard device for cyber secure online delivery
 - Payment or licensing alternatives: Traditional selection of charts or Pay as you goes



BENEFITS OF S-100 ECDIS

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Expected benefits

- Planning based on tidal and water level windows (S-102, S-104)
- Possibility to gain free speed based on surface currents (S-111)
- Possibility to have deeper draught and more cargo (S-102, S-104, S-129)
- Later in phase 2 also digital integration of Nautical Charts and Nautical Publications for each voyage



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Essential functionality for usability

- Machine can check and inform about up-to-dateness of holdings
- Product catalogue (S-128) should serve also as sales catalogue, about what is available

Simple model for liability

- End-to-end cyber security
 - Signed by the original source
 - Authenticated by final end user (=ECDIS) against the original source
 - No playing by the delivery chain => no additional liable parties
 - No additional digital signatures by the delivery chain
- IMO SOLAS: ... nautical charts and nautical publications adequate and up-to-date for intended voyage ...
 - Product catalogue (S-128) shall support capability for machine support about
 - checking holdings against available coverage (= adequate) and
 - checking holdings against up-to-dateness



ABOUT CURRENT DELIVERY METHODS

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Online delivery is becoming de facto method

 Note that online delivery use the folder structure of the original CD/DVD as that structure is known by every ECDIS

Digital signature of the current S-63 provides "end-to-end" cyber security

- Original source has signed the content
- Final end-user (=ECDIS) authenticates
- No possibility for additional cyber security vulnerabilities from middle actors



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DISTRIBUTION ALTERNATIVES CURRENTLY IN USE

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VAR = Value Added Reseller

- Can play with all material: Add, remove or amend the content compared to the original source from HO for the delivery to ECDIS user
- Amendments require digital signing by the VAR

Distributor

- Provide only transfer service "as it was" from HO or RENC to ECDIS user
 - Can optimize which charts or updates are transferred based on traffic area or route plan of the ECDIS user
- Availability and coverage information (S-63 or S-128) is unmodified "as it was"
- All digital signatures are unmodified from HO or form RENC from HO or RENC

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HO - RENC - VAR - ECDIS
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For example, HO - PRIMAR - Transas - ECDIS

HO - RENC - Distributor - ECDIS

For example, HO – PRIMAR – Furuno - ECDIS

HO - RENC - VAR - Distributor - ECDIS

For example, HO – IC-ENC – UKHO AVCS – Furuno – ECDIS

HO - VAR - Distributor - ECDIS

For example, HO – CMAP – Furuno - ECDIS

HO - Distributor - ECDIS

For example, NOAA webpage – Furuno - ECDIS

HO - ECDIS

For example, NOAA webpage - ECDIS





CYBER SECURITY – ALREADY REQUIRED TODAY

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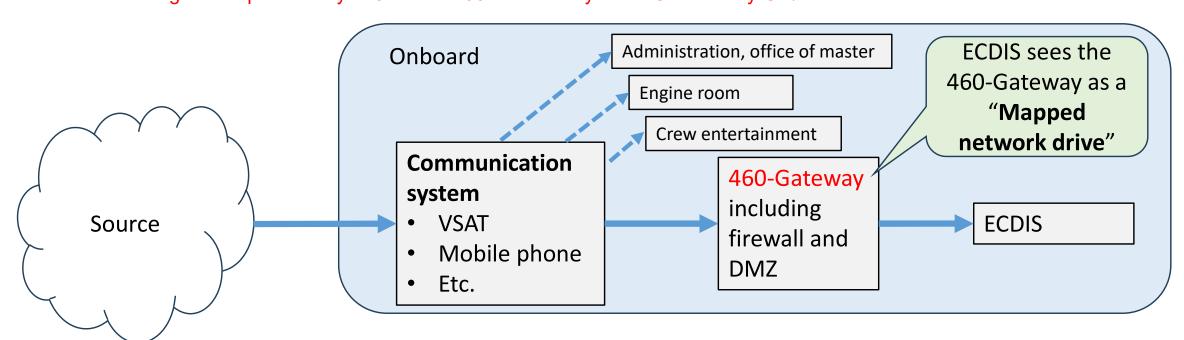
The time period of email attachments and USB memory sticks is ending

IMO does not yet require mandatory hw/sw implementation of cyber security

But **classification societies** (DNV, Lloyds, etc.) require cyber security (see IACS UR E26 and IACS UR E27) as mandatory from 1st Jan 2024 for all new classification agreements (new buildings and retrofits)

Typically, the onboard box (for example, Furuno Gate-1) is a type approved 460-Gateway (see IEC 61162-460)

Typically, the onboard box (460-Gateway) is seen by ECDIS as a **mapped network drive** (for example "E:") and the content is arranged as specified by S-57 and S-63 for delivery of ENC charts by CD/DVD





INFORMATION SOURCES FOR S-100 DUAL-FUEL ECDIS

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S-157, S-101 by HO, S-125 by AtoN authority

Detailed bathymetry and water level:

S-102, S-104 by HO or by Port authority

Surface currents

S-111 by HO or by responsible government agency

Navigation warnings

S-124 by Nav area coordinator

Weather information

S-411 by Met area coordinator

S-412, S-413 by responsible government agency

UKC management

S-129 by UKC management service provider

Route plan exchange

S-421 by VTS centre or by Rescue centre

Nautical publications

S-12x series by HO or by responsible government agency

Port call agreements

S-131 by Port authority



FUTURE NEEDS FOR DISTRIBUTION OF S-100 PRODUCTS

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Within the "S-57 only ECDIS" period all information for ECDIS originated from HO

Arrival of **Dual-fuel S-100 ECDIS** adds a lot of new original sources of information

As listed in previous slide

New issue is how to arrange all this

From ECDIS user point of view the solution should be simple to manage

- Probably preferable limited number of service providers
- Clear method to know, if parallel availability, when to use S-101 or S-57

Could there be just a single source service provider for a given ship

- HO information could go through a single RENC
- Streaming information (S-124, S-411) may not be suitable for going through a RENC
- Difficult to forecast to whom of the new original sources a given ship need connection
 - VTS centres, Rescue centres, Port authorities, etc.



WHEN TO USE S-101 OR S-57

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Reality is that provision of S-57 ENC charts will continue as long as there is no declared sunset of S-57

- The S-101 coverage will grow to be available in parallel to S-57
- This is not a problem for "S-57 only" ECDIS
- But this is a challenge for S-100 compliant "Dual fuel ECDIS"

Challenges for the method to select S-57 or S-101 priority

- There is no equivalence at chart cell level
 - Use of S-57 is based on "navigational purpose"
 - Use of **S-101** is based on "scale range"
- A generic selector "always use S-57" or "always use S-101" will not fit for purpose
- The selection method should be machine-managed (or at least machine-assisted)
 - Expected place for specification of the method for ECDIS is "S-98 Annex C"
 - But the method in the S-98 Annex C will be based on available meta data, for example included in
 - S-63 "PRODUCTS.TXT"
 - S-128
 - Metadata from each S-57 or S-101 cell
- These details are totally unclear and not yet set



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GUIDANCE GIVEN BY IMO FOR TRANSFER OF INFORMATION

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But IMO has a plan to require implementation of **IEC 63173-2 SECOM** as mandatory method for exchange of S-421 Route Plans between government authorities (VTS centres, Rescue centres, etc.) and ships

- Drafted by IMO NCSR-10, 2023
- Final endorsement by IMO MSC-108, May 2024
- For IMO, SECOM is a part basic functionality of a type approved ECDIS
 - Type approval includes all onboard parts of the SECOM implementation
 - One or multiple boxes is not the issue, but if many boxes, then all boxes must be presented together for type approval

SECOM

- Payload agnostic, can transfer anything based on files => suitable for all S-100 based products
- Include cyber security based on IHO S-100
 - Provide support and facilities for "public keys" of individual ship, VTS centres, Rescue centres, Port Authorities, Ship owners, etc.
 - => Key feature to enlarge user groups
- Connects to registries specified by IALA Maritime Connectivity Platform (MCP)

SECOM is a possible way to implement worldwide standardization for the delivery chain



EXISTING SECOM IMPLEMENTATION

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Navelink as SECOM service provider

- SECOM originates from Sweden lead Sea Traffic Management (STM) validation testbed
 - Close to 300 vessel participated
- SECOM was drafted based on lessons learned from STM validation testbed project
- After the end of the STM validation project, the key persons from implementation of the shore server for STM validation established Navelink

At IHO S-100WG, Nov 2023 meeting, **Australia (AHO)** demonstrated fully working implementation of S-124 Navigational warning distribution and display

- AHO claimed that implementation based on IEC 63173-2 was easy and took less than 6 months
- Source of Navigational warnings (S-124) was Australian government authorities
- Onboard display was by application developed by AHO
- Transfer was by SECOM implementation by AHO

Multiple SECOM implementations?

- The issue is same as one or many RENC implementations
- Coordination is probably needed for original source connection sharing
 - It is mainly about sharing content of "Identity register" and "Service register" of the "IALA MCP" concept



PUSH OR PULL FOR TRANSFER

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Push from shore to ship

- Shore is responsible that products are received by onboard arrangement/ECDIS
 - Include repeated sending of missing parts
- Always open onboard interface is a big cyber security vulnerability
 - Always available for hackers to knock the door and to get inside

Pull from ship

- Ship is responsible that products are received
 - Easy to understand what is missing and to ask re-transmit of just the missing part
- High cyber security as there is no open interface of port available for hackers
 - Onboard pull-process knows the addressed from which to pull
- Pull method is based on timer activation
 - · Based on timer the onboard pull process 'check if the shore has new content for downloading



CONTROL OF AVAILABILITY AND UP-TO-DATENESS

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Streaming style products, for example S-124, S-411, etc.

- Looks like that instead of S-128 they will have something called as "bulletin"
 - Drafting of the "bulletin" has just started

Products intended for an individual ship, for example S-129, S-131, S-421, etc.

No need for availability or up-to-dateness control by "bulletin" or by S-128

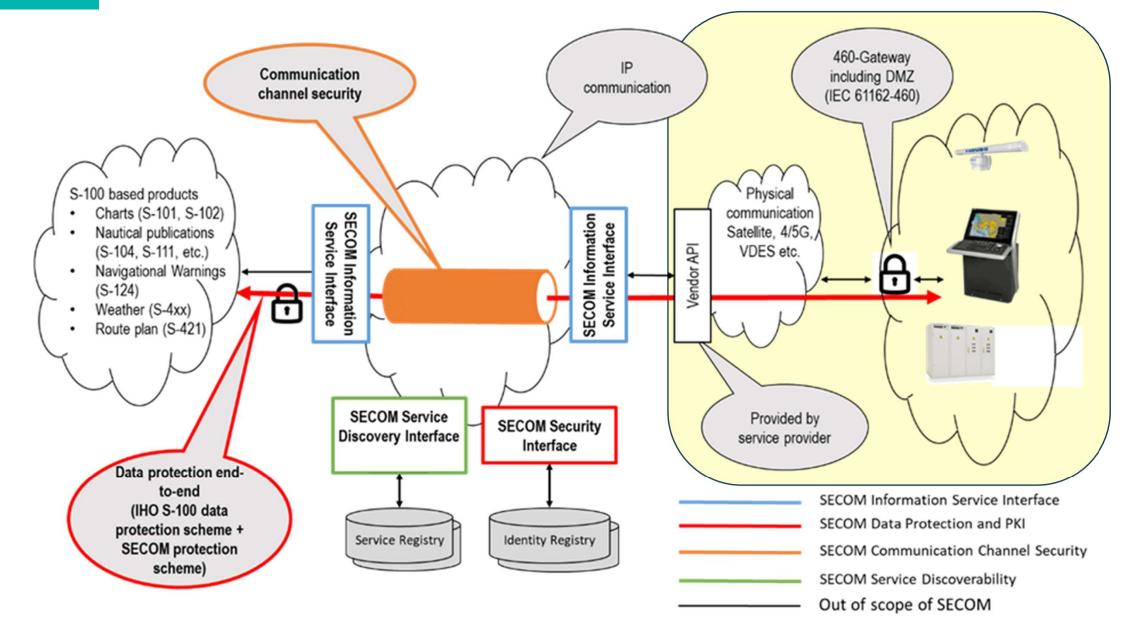
Nautical charts, Nautical Publications

- Will use S-128 for availability and up-to-dateness
- As with "PRODUCTS.TXT" of S-63, an ECDIS is prepared to merge internal version from multiple S-128
 - Line-by-line process
 - Each entry in the ECDIS internal version have added "issue date of entry"
 - Add new entry if the product is not yet in internal version
 - Update entry if the issue date of S-128 file is newer than in ECDIS internal version
 - Note that warning about too old up-to-dateness information is also checked line-by-line
- From ECDIS point of view the result is same if S-128 contains everything in the whole world or if multiple smaller S-128 files incrementally update the content of the internal version
 - Each country and organization can select how to operate



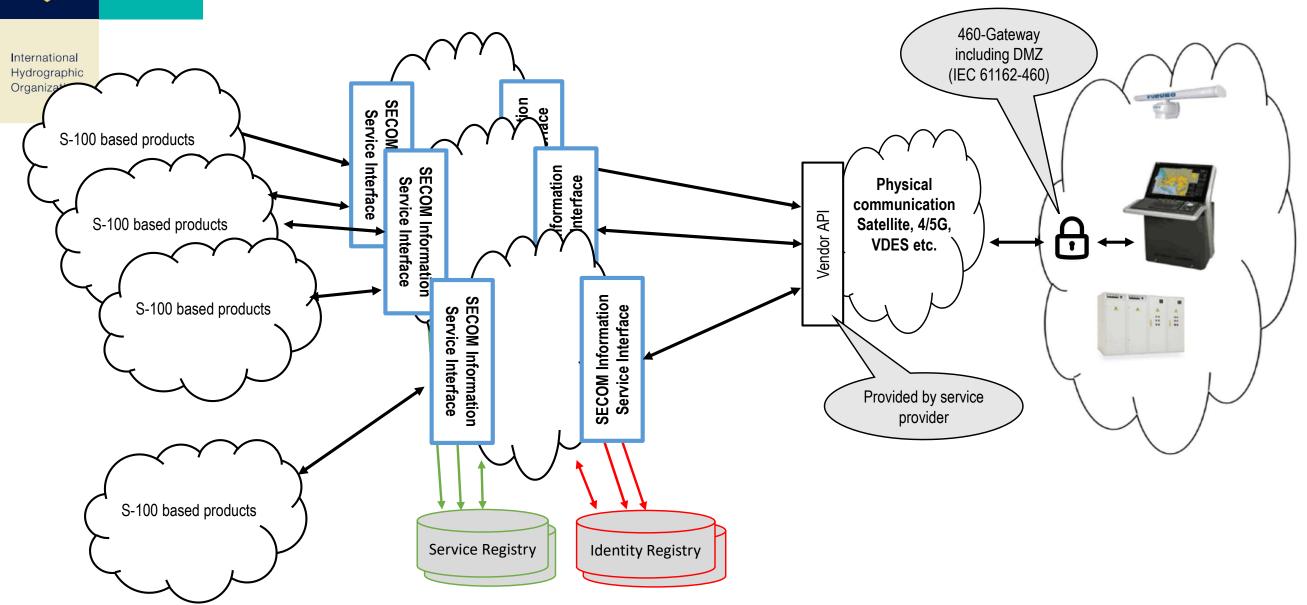
SECOM IMPLEMENTATION - "VENDOR"/SERVICE PROVIDER

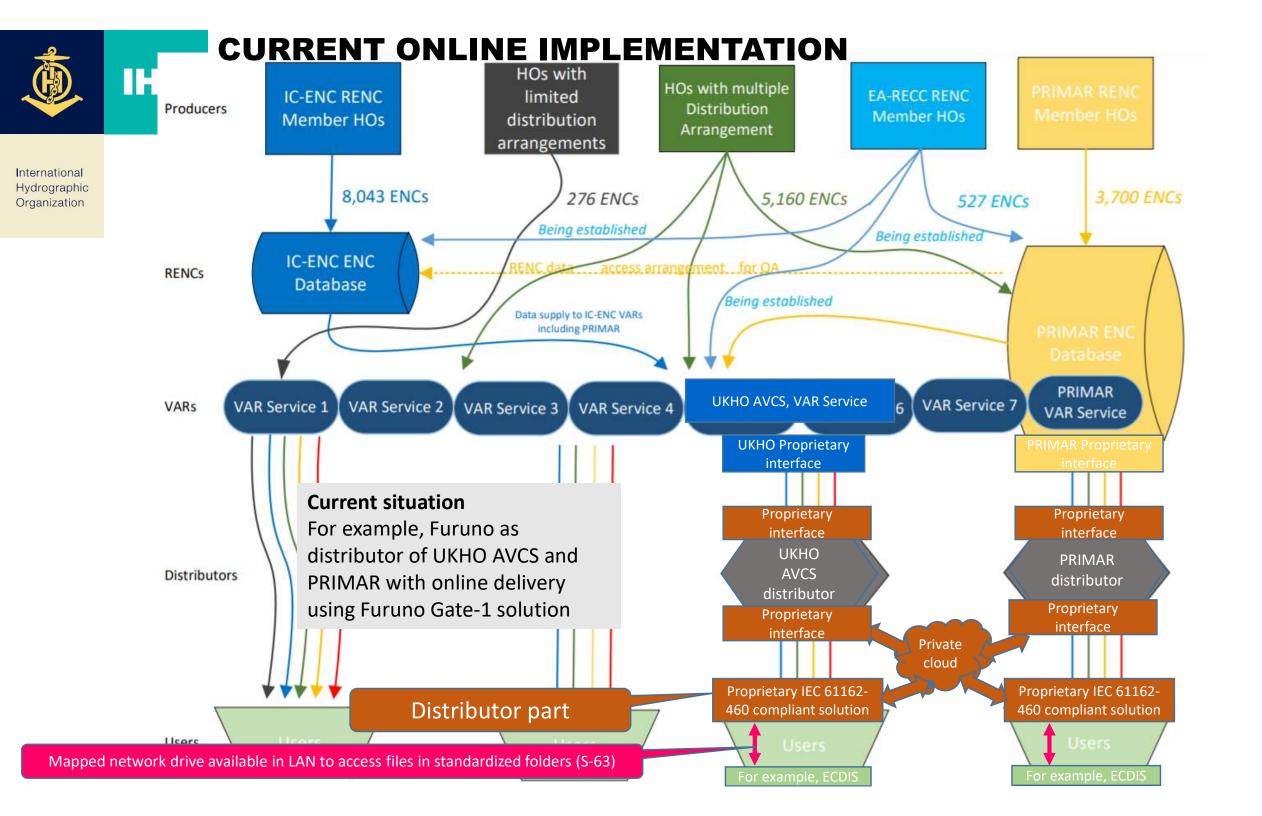
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SECOM IMPLEMENTATION - MULTIPLE SOURCES

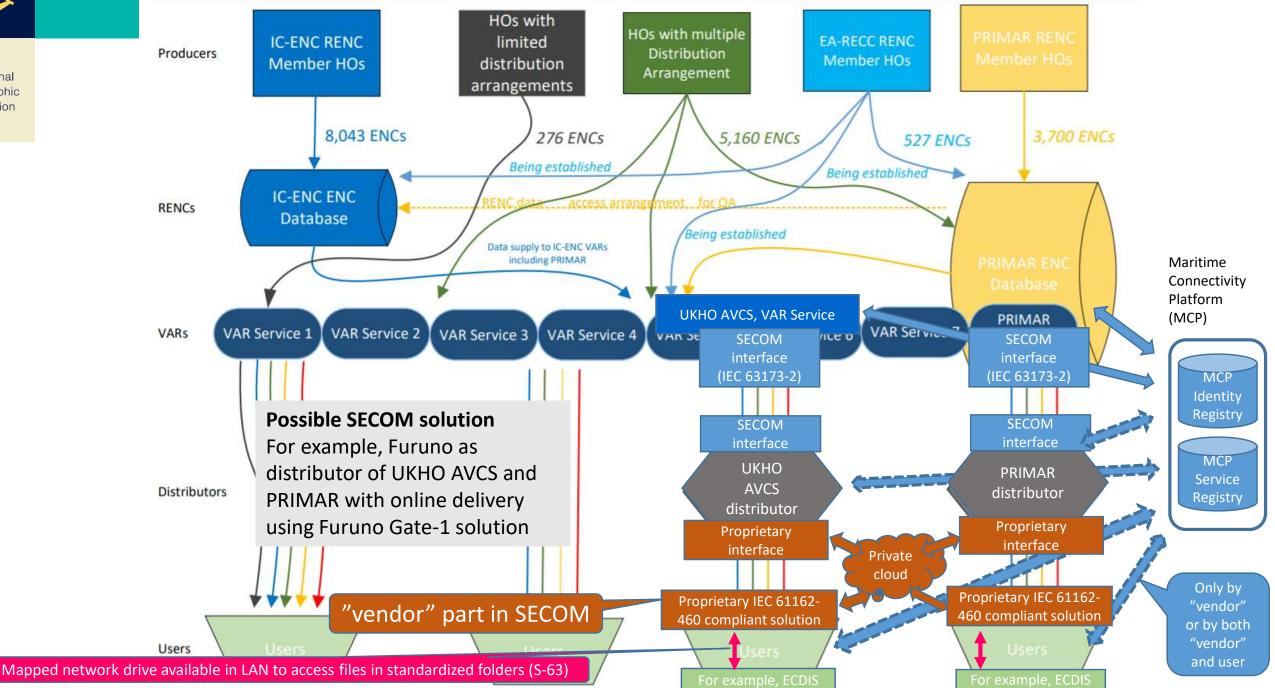






ONLINE IMPLEMENTATION – POSSIBLE SECOM SOLUTION

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IHO VISION ON STANDARDIZED SERVICE FOR ECDIS

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RENCs will stay as coordinating and integrating actors

- Interface to download information will be based on SECOM
- Like today some products will be stored by RENC (S-101, S-102, Nautical publications, etc.)
- But for some products RENC will offer an address from which download is possible based on SECOM
 - Someone else than RENC will store the downloadable content.
 - This style could be for "streaming"-type products like S-124, S-411, etc.

VTS centres, Rescue centres, Port authorities

- Probably some information may go through RENC, but majority will be available as an address from which download is possible based on SECOM
- Nautical publications (i.e. sailing directions, coastal pilots, etc.) will provide the addresses (like today they provide VHF radio channels, telephone numbers, etc.)